Guidance Document





# Guidelines for the Evaluation of the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework

September 2021

## FOREWORD

The United Nations development system reform, initiated by Secretary-General António Guterres, aims to strengthen the United Nations (UN) system's collective support to countries in their pursuit of the sustainable development goals (SDGs). To ensure coherence and sharpen the focus of the UN system's support, the UN Resident Coordinators' function was elevated and the UN Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (CF) was introduced.

The shift of emphasis from assistance to partnership under the new CF calls for proper accountability of the system to the governments and people that it supports, as well as to all partners and stakeholders who joined our efforts. The commitment to provide effective support requires constant reflection and learning to adapt our work and seek the best course of action. The new CF Evaluation thus became an important instrument in making the reform work.

These Guidelines were prepared in a true collaborative sprit. Developed by the CF Working Group of the United Nations Evaluation Group (UNEG) and the newly established evaluation function of the Development Coordination Office (DCO), they benefited from contributions and iterative reviews by a large number of evaluation professionals and collaborators across the UN system.

To serve their purpose, the Guidelines must be adopted and put into practice by the UN Resident Coordinators and the UN Country Teams. Their ownership of the CF Evaluation, and their will to make it work as intended, are key to proper public accountability and effective learning. The Guidelines should also be used and referenced by those who are involved in supporting, advising and overseeing this exercise at the regional and global levels.

We count on all colleagues to make the CF Evaluation an instrument of change and hope they find these Guidelines useful to that end.

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## List of abbreviations

| CCA     | Common Country Analysis                                      |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| CF      | United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework |
| DCO     | Development Coordination Office                              |
| EDM     | Evaluation Design Matrix                                     |
| ILO     | International Labour Organization                            |
| OECD    | Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development's      |
| RC      | Resident Coordinator                                         |
| RCO     | Resident Coordinator Office                                  |
| SDGs    | Sustainable Development Goals                                |
| ТоС     | Theory of Change                                             |
| TOR     | Terms of Reference                                           |
| UN      | United Nations                                               |
| UNCT    | United Nations Country Teams                                 |
| UNDAF   | United Nations Development Assistance Framework              |
| UNDS    | United Nations Development System                            |
| UNEG    | United Nations Evaluation Group                              |
| UNSDCF  | United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework |
| UN-SWAP | UN System-Wide Action Plan                                   |
| VNRs    | Voluntary National Reviews                                   |

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## 1. Introduction

General Assembly resolution A/RES/72/279 designated the United Nations (UN) Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF) as "the most important instrument for the planning and implementation of United Nations development activities in each country, in support of the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development". Renamed the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (CF), it forms the centrepiece of UN reform and represents the collective response of the UN to help countries address national priorities and challenges in achieving the 2030 Agenda.

Evaluation of the CF is a mandatory independent system-wide country evaluation<sup>1</sup> and is separate from an annual review. CF evaluations ensure accountability, support learning and inform decisions regarding the design of subsequent CF cycles. They systematically assess the contributions of the CF by focusing on achieved development results, as well as internal and external gaps and overlaps in the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

CF evaluations are guided by the UN Evaluation Group (UNEG) <u>Norms and Standards for Evaluation</u> (2016). They must be credible and grounded on independence, impartiality and a rigorous methodology. The process should be transparent and inclusive (involving relevant stakeholders) with robust quality assurance. Evaluation results and recommendations are derived from, and informed by the conscientious, explicit and judicious use of the best available, objective, reliable and valid data, as well as the accurate analysis of evidence. CF evaluations require that evaluations are ethically conducted, and managed by independent evaluators who exhibit professional and cultural competencies.

CF evaluations are decentralized and country-led, with oversight and technical support provided by the UN Development Coordination Office<sup>2</sup> (DCO) to guarantee the independence, credibility and utility of evaluations. DCO also ensures accountability by tracking the implementation of recommendations, and public dissemination of the report and management response. UNEG, in its supporting role, provides technical advice and ad-hoc support to any activity during the process upon request. CF evaluations are planned on a quadrennial basis by DCO in consultation with countries. However, as part of evaluability requirements, in addition to having a CF evaluation in the quadrennial evaluation plan, it should be commissioned only if it has been implemented for a minimum of 24 full months

CF evaluations have three key objectives namely, to:

- i. Ensure accountability of UN actions to stakeholders;
- ii. Provide a transparent and participatory platform for learning and dialogue with stakeholders regarding national progress, challenges and opportunities, and best approaches in the context of the system-wide national response; and
- iii. Deliver clear recommendations to support the next CF cycle and ensure accelerated progress towards the SDGs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> During the transition period, evaluations may still be examining contributions made under UNDAFs rather than CFs. The Evaluation Guidelines apply to both UNDAF and CF evaluations. CF should, therefore, be read interchangeably with UNDAF throughout this document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The institutional structure of DCO is still evolving. As such, for the purpose of these Guidelines, reference is made to DCO as a whole. DCO may delegate some tasks to its regional bodies and/or its Evaluation Unit.

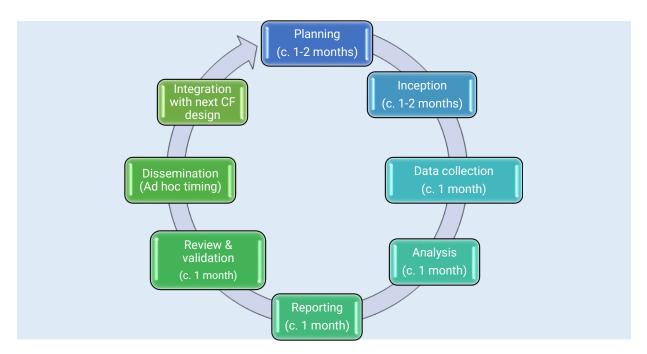
The independent evaluation of the CF should be completed in the **penultimate year of the CF**. There should be linkages with individual and joint UN agency-level evaluations, as well as Voluntary National Reviews to maximize complementarities and synergies. The evaluation should be conducted in an inclusive manner and promote national ownership. Evaluation design, procurement and processes should build on and strengthen national evaluation capacities, including through the use of national evaluators to the extent possible. The CF evaluation should further utilise data from relevant evaluations and/or review processes as part of the evidence base to assess progress against outcomes.

These guidelines provide a step-by-step approach to conducting CF evaluations. Section 2 provides an overview of the evaluation process. Sections 3 and 4 show steps to ensure a robust and effective evaluation set-up and design. Section 5 details the data collection, analysis and reporting phases. Section 6 discusses evaluation dissemination and post-evaluation tasks. Templates that can be directly employed during the course of the evaluation, including the inception and evaluation report templates, can be found in the <u>Appendices</u>.

## 2. The Country Framework Evaluation Process

Timely and careful planning is key to increasing the quality and utility of CF evaluations. A CF evaluation should be initiated at least nine months (penultimate year of the CF) prior to the start of the next CF design phase, which begins with the Common Country Analysis (CCA).

The evaluation lifecycle is presented in Figure 1 and is defined by six distinct phases: planning; inception; data collection and analyses; reporting; review and validation; and dissemination.



## Figure 1: CF evaluation lifecycle

## Planning

During the planning phase:

- The RC notifies the apex national counterparts (or the CF Steering Committee), DCO and the (UNCT) Result Groups on the UN's intent to launch the CF evaluation.
- The RC and UNCT designate an Evaluation Manager<sup>3</sup>.
- The Evaluation Manager, in consultation and with support from the RCO and UNCT, establishes a national Evaluation Steering Committee.
- All preparatory deskwork and consultation processes to draft the <u>Terms of Reference</u> (TOR) and recruit the Evaluation Team in coordination with the DCO is undertaken.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For example, a representative of the UN agency chairing the M&E group, or the chair of the Programme Management Team or any other agency with a substantive Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) officer.

#### Inception

Led by the independent Evaluation Team Leader, this phase involves mapping and scoping activities leading to the refinement of the evaluation design and questions that will be reflected in the <u>Inception Report</u>. With support from the DCO Evaluation Advisor, this phase includes a briefing of the RC and the Evaluation Manager; agreeing or developing theories of change; and drafting the Inception Report through a consultative process.

#### Data collection and analysis

The data collection and analysis phases include all primary and secondary data collection and analysis.

#### Reporting

During the reporting phase the Evaluation Team compiles and synthesizes findings and prepares the Evaluation Report.

#### **Review and validation**

All UNCT and Evaluation Steering Committee members are engaged in the review and validation phase.

The RC/UNCT drafts a <u>management response</u> to propose timebound actions and interventions to address recommendations and assign responsibilities for follow up.

#### Dissemination

Section 6 details various modes for dissemination of the Evaluation Report. For example, stakeholder workshops provide an opportunity to ensure the dissemination of evaluation findings, as well as facilitate discussion on actioning recommendations and integrating findings into the next CF planning cycle. A broad range of stakeholders including, for example, government officials, funding partners, civil society organizations and the private sector should be invited.

A cross reference table on the phases, activities, and roles and responsibilities is available in <u>Appendix 1</u>.

## 3. Evaluation set-up

## 3.1. Management, governance and quality assurance mechanisms

#### 3.1.1. Management and governance arrangements

The RC and UNCTs hold the overall responsibility of commissioning the CF evaluation and any follow-up actions. The RC must define the key actors in the governance of the evaluation, and their roles and responsibilities, at the outset to ensure an independent process. Clear management and governance mechanisms will also ensure that all those involved are accountable for their specific input to the process and clarity of actions.

Other key actors include:

- The Evaluation Manager;
- The Independent Evaluation Team;
- The Evaluation Steering Committee;
- DCO, the DCO Evaluation Advisor and regional evaluation bodies; and
- UNEG.

DCO is responsible for approving all evaluation products including the TOR, inception report, final report and other associated products.

<u>Appendix 2 – Annex B</u> provides further details management and governance roles and responsibilities.

## 3.1.2. Quality assurance

DCO is responsible for quality assurance and oversight of and throughout the entire evaluation process. DCO will quality assure the evaluation report at the end of the evaluation process to ensure the soundness, usefulness and evidence-based elements of the final report.

The Evaluation Steering Committee is engaged from the outset together with the Evaluation Manager to guide the whole evaluation process. The Committee ensures the technical and factual quality of the data, analysis and findings.

Evaluation Team members are required to sign the <u>UNEG Code of Conduct for Evaluators</u> (2008).

All CF evaluations should adhere to <u>UNEG's Norms and Standards for Evaluation</u> (2016), as well as follow guidance on gender equality and human rights<sup>4</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> UNEG <u>Guidance on Integrating Human Rights and Gender Equality in Evaluations</u> (2014); <u>UN Women Evaluation Handbook</u> <u>on how to Manage Gender-Responsive Evaluation</u> (2015); <u>UN SWAP EPI Technical Note and Scorecard</u> (2018); and <u>UNEG Good</u> <u>Practices for Integrating Gender Equality and Human Rights in Evaluation</u> (2017).

## 3.2. Evaluation timeline and budget

Once on board, the Evaluation Manager, with the support of the DCO Evaluation Advisor, will draft the operational evaluation workplan and timeline to detail the steps and timings of each phase of the evaluation<sup>5</sup>. The overall timeline of the CF evaluation should fit with the next CF development roadmap, and the CF evaluation results should feed into the CCA process and the next CF planning process. Following consultations with the UNCT, DCO, development partners and government counterparts, the RC should approve the operational evaluation workplan and timeline to officially launch the process.

To ensure the most effective stakeholder engagement, consideration should be given to factors that may impact the timeline including, for example, national processes such as elections.

Following consultations with the UNCT, DCO, development partners and government counterparts the RC should sign off the operational evaluation workplan and timeline to officially launch the process. The overall timeline of the CF evaluation should fit with the next CF development roadmap, and the CF evaluation results should feed into the CCA process and the next CF planning process.

To ensure adequate funding and planning for CF evaluations, each CF should incorporate an evaluation plan as an Annex. The budget associated to this evaluation plan should be discussed and established by the UNCT during the budgeting process of the CF. The evaluability assessment of the CF (UNEG, 2020)<sup>6</sup> should inform this process. DCO currently provides the core fund for CF evaluations (USD50,000 per country). The RC should advocate and mobilize additional contributions from UNCT agencies.

## 3.3. Terms of Reference

The Evaluation Manager is responsible for drafting the TOR in consultation with the RCO and thematic group leads. The process to develop the TOR should be inclusive, and aligned with other efforts aimed at strengthening ownership and national evaluation capacity development. Identifying and engaging a broad range of stakeholders, partners, constituents and civil society groups, including those who do not work directly with the UNCT but play a key role in the national context, is a critical first step. DCO is responsible for approving the TOR.

The TOR should be used as the initial information paper to formally establish the evaluation, set the overall purpose, and act as the basis on which to launch the evaluation and hire the Evaluation Team.

The TOR should outline the overarching purpose, objective and scope of the evaluation. It may also provide an overview of the: evaluation criteria and main questions; overall approach and methodology; qualifications of Evaluation Team members; deliverables and timeframe; evaluation management arrangements; and intended use of the evaluation results.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Note that the full, detailed evaluation timeline will be drafted by the Evaluation Team and included in the Inception Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Evaluability Assessment of the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF)

To ensure quality and accountability, the TOR should explicitly adhere to the <u>UNEG Norms and Standards</u> (2016) and <u>Ethical Guidelines</u> (2020). As per the <u>UN SWAP EPI</u> Criteria (Criteria 1)<sup>7</sup>, CF evaluations should integrate gender into the evaluation criteria and questions to ensure that gender-related data is collected.

## 3.4. Stakeholder engagement

A systematic stakeholder identification and mapping of the development actors, including development landscape analysis, should be conducted as part of the **planning phase** of the evaluation.

Detailed stakeholder mapping and analysis will be done during the **inception phase**. The exercise should detail all stakeholders to be engaged through both governance mechanisms and as potential respondents during data collection. The CF will be the primary source to conduct the mapping to ensure inclusion of all relevant stakeholders from the public, private and non-profit sectors.

## 3.5. Evaluation Team

The Evaluation Team is responsible for conducting the evaluation. Identification and selection of team members are facilitated by the Evaluation Manager on behalf of UNCT/RCO, in consultation with the DCO Evaluation Advisor, during the **planning phase**.

The team is comprised of external evaluators who work in full independence from the evaluation commissioners.

Due consideration should be given to: cultural and gender balance; language requirements for the evaluation; professionalism and experience; and coverage of relevant subject areas of work by UNCT member agencies.

The team should also include adequate specialist coverage of key cross-cutting issues such as gender equality, human rights, and environmental sustainability.

Further details on the composition and qualifications of the Evaluation Team can be found in <u>Appendix 2 –</u> <u>Annex C</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The Evaluation Performance Indicator (EPI) is one of the performance indicators developed as part of the accountability framework of the UN System-wide Action Plan (UN-SWAP) to implement the Chief Executive Board for Coordination Policy (CEB/2006/2) on gender equality and the empowerment of women. The EPI is assessed against four criteria:

<sup>1)</sup> GEWE is integrated in the evaluation scope of analysis and evaluation criteria and questions are designed in a way that ensures GEWE related data will be collected.

<sup>2)</sup> A gender-responsive methodology, methods and tools, and data analysis techniques are selected.

<sup>3)</sup> The evaluation report reflects a gender analysis as captured in the findings, conclusions and recommendations – this could be captured in various ways throughout the evaluation report. The evaluation findings, conclusions and recommendations reflect a gender analysis.

<sup>4)</sup> The entity has commissioned at least one evaluation to assess corporate performance on gender mainstreaming or equivalent every 5-8 years.

## 4. Evaluation design

## 4.1. Preliminary research and scoping process

## 4.1.1. Theory of change analysis

The theory of change (ToC) is the key reference framework for evaluators. For CF evaluations, the ToC analysis should extend from the SDGs to CF outcomes. While the ToC will have been developed when the CF was designed, the Evaluation Team and Evaluation Manager should assess if it is sufficiently articulated for the purpose of selecting outcomes to be evaluated. Findings from the **CF Evaluability Assessment** (UNEG, 2020)<sup>8</sup> in this area should be considered by the Evaluation Team.

During the inception phase or early in the data collection phase, the evaluation team holds ToC meetings with the result or thematic groups to discuss the programmatic changes that could have occurred in the programme result chain during implementation as a response to emerging challenges and needs. These meeting are led by the Evaluation Team and organized by the by the Evaluation Manager. The ToC meetings are useful to support the Evaluation Team, UNCT and the Evaluation Steering Committee members to develop a common understanding of ToC activities, expected outcomes, underlying assumptions and consensus on potential outcome indicators to be evaluated. The Synoptic table for the Analysis of the theory of change is used to support the ToC meetings. In some cases, the Evaluation Team may use the findings from these meetings to reconstruct (if necessary) the initial ToC which supported the development of the CF being evaluated, to better align with the CF's implementation and account for emerging development changes in the country. The ToC analysis needs to include also cross-cutting issues such as gender equality and empowerment of women, human rights and non-discrimination (including disability inclusion), and environmental sustainability.

During the data analysis phase, the evaluation team conducts a desk analysis of the ToC that informed the design of the CF being evaluated. Findings from the ToC meetings with the result and/or thematic groups and those resulting from the desk review of the initial ToC, serve to strengthen the conclusions under the relevance criteria and to make recommendations towards the strategic priorities and result chain of the upcoming CF cycle to be developed.

## 4.1.2. Evaluation scope

The CF evaluation should cover all UN development system (UNDS) programmes (resident, non-resident and regional) implemented in the country during the CF cycle until the start of the evaluation within their geographic scope. It may also cover activities implemented before the start of the CF cycle if their effects appear to extend beyond a single CF cycle. It would be useful to give some attention, if necessary, to the activities of agencies without a formal country program document, to the activities implemented by United Nations agencies within the framework of multi-country programs and projects if those are in joint work plans contributing to the cooperation framework currently being evaluated. This consideration should be limited to interventions in the country whose program is being evaluated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Available at: <u>www.unevaluation.org//UNSCDF\_EA.</u>

In principle, the CF evaluation should not seek to conduct a full evaluation of individual programmes, project or activities of UNCT members, but rather synthesise and build on the programme and project evaluations conducted by each agency<sup>9</sup>.

The Evaluation Manager and Evaluation Team, in consultation with the Evaluation Steering Committee, may decide to prioritise specific CF outputs and activities (e.g., limit the evaluation scope to assess the breadth and depth of contributions based on the level and scope of UNCT work). Data availability and the overall development landscape in the country can also play a role to inform the scope of the evaluation.

The Evaluation Team should use appropriate evaluation methodologies that identify collective contributions at the outcome level and ascertain the plausibility of causal relationships between activities and outcomes (see Section 5.1 on <u>Methodology</u>).

## 4.2. Evaluation criteria and questions

Defining appropriate evaluation questions around key criteria is a critical step during the evaluation scoping phase.

#### 4.2.1. Evaluation criteria or analytical dimensions

As per the CF Companion Package (March 2020), evaluation questions should assess the following criteria<sup>10</sup>:

- Relevance and adaptability.
- Coherence.
- Effectiveness.
- Efficiency.
- Coordination.
- Sustainability.
- Orientation towards impact.

The CF evaluation should explicitly address cross-cutting issues such as gender equality and women's empowerment <sup>11</sup>, human rights and non-discrimination, disability inclusion and environmental sustainability <sup>12</sup>, among others. CF evaluations are expected to address them through an adequate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Each UNCT member is responsible for providing data and evidence-based information that demonstrate its contribution to the Joint Work Plan and overall CF outcomes and national development goals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Several of these dimensions relate to the internationally agreed evaluation criteria developed by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development's (OECD) Development Assistance Committee (DAC). The OECD-DAC criteria should be used depending on the questions that the evaluation intends to answer. As such, they should not be applied methodically, but rather based on the needs and intent of the evaluation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> As per the 2015 <u>UN Women Evaluation Handbook on how to Manage Gender-Responsive Evaluation</u>, evaluations that are responsive to gender equality and women's empowerment are systematic and impartial assessments that provide credible and reliable evidence-based information about the extent to which an intervention has resulted in progress (or the lack thereof) towards intended and/or unintended results regarding gender equality and the empowerment of women.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> As of June 2021, UNEG Working Group on Integrating Environmental and Social Impact in Evaluations is in the process of preparing guidance on operationalizing environmental sustainability in evaluations to address aspects of: Identification of long-term environmental positive/ negative effects and outcomes and assessment of the environmental dimension "footprint" of implementation.

evaluation design, and relevant questions and methodology to yield key findings, conclusions and recommendations in these areas<sup>13</sup>.

For the assessment of humanitarian interventions, two additional evaluation criteria could be considered, namely, **coverage** and **connectedness**. When assessing humanitarian interventions, the evaluators will not only consider the ability of the CF and UN entities to respond to humanitarian crises, but also the extent to which the UNCT has been able to apply a resilience approach by linking prevention, preparedness, response and early recovery with national capacity building. Assessment of humanitarian interventions within the framework of a CF evaluation is possible only for crises that are geographically localized and/or limited in time and intensity.

## 4.2.2. Evaluation questions

Evaluation questions should be framed by the selected evaluation criteria (such as effectiveness and coherence) and drafted in line with the following guiding principles. Evaluation questions should be:

- Clear, precise and relevant.
- Clearly organized, in a logical order, around the evaluation criteria, e.g. relevance, effectiveness, and coherence.
- Directly and clearly grounded in the CF ToC and the SDG priorities and gaps of the country.
- Critical for addressing the issues targeted by the selected evaluation scope.
- Limited to a manageable number while allowing the evaluation to fulfil its accountability and learning objectives. A good practice is to have 2-3 questions per analytical dimension/criterion.
- Integrate gender equality and empowerment of women, human rights, disability inclusion and environmental sustainability concerns within each of the dimensions/criteria.

A list of potential questions by criterion are available in <u>Appendix 2 – Annex A</u> to inform the drafting of the TORs. It is not a prescriptive or mandatory list, rather it aims to inform evaluation managers in the identification of evaluation questions for the TOR.

## 4.3. Evaluation design matrix: Questions, indicators and potential sources

Based on the evaluation questions, the Evaluation Team drafts the evaluation design matrix (EDM) as part of the Inception Report (see section 4.4). The EDM is a centrepiece of the evaluation and plays a critical role at all the steps of the evaluation process. It contains the core elements of the evaluation: (a) what will be evaluated (evaluation criteria, evaluation questions and related issues to be examined – "assumptions to be assessed"); (b) how to evaluate (sources of information and methods and tools for data collection). It deserves particular attention from the Evaluation Manager, who should know how to develop and use it. Both the Evaluation Manager and Evaluation Team should have an in-depth understanding of this tool.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> For instance, regarding environmental sustainability, CF evaluations can consider the extent to which climate change, for example, impacts expected outcomes, any environmental risks associated with the outcomes' design and implementation, and whether these risks pose any threat to the sustainability of the results achieved with the contribution of the UN system support.

The Evaluation Team is responsible for developing the EDM during the inception phase. It should include a detailed overview of the key evaluation questions aligned to the criteria, sub-questions, data sources and indicators.

## 4.4. Inception report

The inception report provides the conceptual framework and main operational plan for the CF evaluation, including the timeline for conducting the evaluation. It is produced by the Evaluation Team to operationalise the TOR and includes:

- An assessment of: (a) the soundness of the ToC for the CF, and (b) the extent to which that ToC evolved during the CF's implementation.
- An overview of the evaluation objectives, scope and topic selection.
- A purposive sampling framework to identify interventions and stakeholders.
- A detailed evaluation approach, criteria and questions, and tools and methodology.
- The <u>EDM</u> detailing evaluation questions, indicators and data sources.
- The management, governance and quality assurance mechanisms.
- A plan detailing evaluation activities and a timeline.

An Inception Report template can be found in <u>Appendix 3</u>.

## 5. Data collection, analysis and reporting

## 5.1. Evaluation approach and data collection methods

## 5.1.1. Evaluation approach

The overarching approach to CF evaluations should support course-corrective and adaptive decisionmaking through evidential data collection, reflection and analysis, as well as independence and impartial judgement. The scope, design and implementation of CF evaluations should generate relevant, analytical, evidence-based, cost-effective and timely information on the results. The evaluation should demonstrate whether or not the UN is making a difference in supporting governments and people to achieve the 2030 Agenda. The evaluation will therefore assess the UN's contribution to the intended change defined in the CF ToC. A contribution analysis using a theory-based approach<sup>14</sup> is one suggested evaluation perspective that can be considered.

The CF evaluation should use a **participatory and consultative approach**, whereby key CF stakeholders and national partners are engaged, and their views and feedback are collected and used at different stages of the evaluation process. By engaging all key stakeholders from the outset, the evaluation will seek to bolster national ownership and, consequently, promote the use of evaluation findings. Evaluation design,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The evaluation will need to assess and explain how the UN collectively contributed to the observed development results at outcome and output level, and whether the assumptions behind the identified causal pathways of change held or not. Approaches such as process tracing, outcome mapping, outcome harvesting, or most significant change can be considered.

procurement and processes should build on and strengthen national evaluation capacities. This includes the use of national evaluators to the extent possible and when appropriate.

## 5.1.2. UN normative work and support of standard-setting

Central to the UN mandate is its normative and standard-setting support<sup>15</sup> <sup>16</sup> to countries. The CF evaluation will judiciously map, analyse and assess the relevant areas of normative work and standard-setting of the UNCT guided by the <u>UNEG Handbook for Conducting Evaluations of Normative Work in the</u> <u>UN System</u> (2014).

## 5.1.3. Data collection methods

The Evaluation Team should select the most appropriate combination of data collection methods to address each evaluation question. Suggested data collection methods include, but are not limited to:

- **Document review:** CCA, CF and Joint Work Plans; mid-term progress reviews (where undertaken); annual reports and existing evaluation reports (notably those conducted by individual UN agencies, and those issued by national counterparts); strategy papers; national plans and policies; and related programme and project documents.
- Synthesis or meta-analysis of previous evaluations and assessments carried out by UN agencies and/or development partners. In principle, the CF evaluation should not conduct a full evaluation of individual programmes, projects or activities of UNCT members, but rather synthesise evidence from programme and project evaluations conducted by each agency.
- **Semi-structured interviews** with key stakeholders including, for example, government counterparts, civil society organisations, UNCT members and implementing partners.
- Field visits.
- Stakeholder surveys.
- Focus group discussions, when needed, involving groups and sub-groups of beneficiaries, including community members, decision-makers, and other key stakeholders and partners.
- Other methods, such as case studies and direct observation; mobile-based data collection tools; Big Data and data mining; simulated field visits in fragile and conflict environments; geospatial analysis, maps and remote sensing systems are encouraged to support triangulation<sup>17</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The type of the UN normative work includes, but is not limited to, developing international conventions, protocols and declarations; establishment of norms, standards, international codes of conduct and guidelines; monitoring and reporting on the implementation of conventions, norms, and other obligations; development and dissemination of normative products, including knowledge products and information resources; promotion and capacity strengthening in relation to crosscutting norms and standards; and, facilitating intergovernmental dialogue and coordination. It also includes the commitment to leaving no one behind; addressing root causes of vulnerability and poverty; and protection of rights – ethnic minorities, indigenous peoples, communities affected by forced displacement, persons with disabilities, persons of diverse sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, and sex characteristics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Examples of normative work: The Convention on Biodiversity; the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW); International Labour Organization (ILO) conventions with respect to labour standards and international laws; the UNESCO Convention concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage; and the Convention on the Rights of the Child.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> For more information on evaluation methods, see the <u>UNEG Compendium of Evaluation Methods</u> (Volume 1) (2020).

Data collection methods should be selected with due regard to:

- The availability of existing evaluative evidence and administrative data.
- Logistical constraints (including, for example, challenges relating to travel, budget, and time constraints).
- Ethical considerations (particularly when evaluating sensitive topics or in sensitive settings such as post-conflict settings).

Data collection methods and processes should be **gender-responsive<sup>18</sup>** and data should be systematically disaggregated by sex and age and, to the extent possible, by geographical region, ethnicity, disability, migratory status and other contextually relevant markers of equity<sup>19</sup>. Specific guidelines should be observed, namely the <u>UNEG Guidance on Integrating Human Rights and Gender Equality in Evaluation</u> (2014)<sup>20</sup> and <u>UN SWAP Evaluation Performance Indicators</u> (2018).

## 5.2. Sampling

A purposive sampling approach should be used to select programmes that will be covered in the scope of the CF evaluation. The selected programmes should have sufficient level of transformational intent (depth, breadth and size) and maturity. The purposive sampling approach can also be used to target groups and stakeholders to be consulted. The selection will be informed by the portfolio analysis and stakeholder mapping undertaken during the inception phase of the evaluation. This analysis will yield information on the relevant initiatives and partners to be part of the evaluation (including those that may not have partnered with the UNCT but play a key role in the outcomes to which CF contributes). The Evaluation Team should clearly outline the sample selection criteria and process, and any potential bias<sup>21</sup> and limitations.

The sampling technique should ensure that the selected samples adequately reflect the diversity of stakeholders of the intervention, and pay special attention to the inclusion, participation and nondiscrimination of the most vulnerable stakeholders. Failing to do so may affect the credibility and technical adequacy of the information gathered.

## 5.3. Evaluation ethics

The CF evaluation should adhere to and be guided by the <u>UNEG Norms and Standards</u> (2016) and the <u>UNEG</u> <u>Ethical Guidelines</u> (2020) at every stage of the evaluation process, observing the following principles of integrity, accountability, respect and beneficence

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> As per the UNEG <u>Guidance on Integrating Human Rights and Gender Equality in Evaluations</u> (2014), when deciding among different methods and instruments, it is useful to question, if the selected method(s) or tool(s) will: (1) Detect meaningful changes and contribution of the intervention to the enjoyment of rights, empowerment of rights holders and increased capacities; (2) Be suitable for the populations and individuals that need to be involved in the data collection process; and (3) Be appropriate to involve all the key stakeholders, without discriminating against some groups or individuals, and allow for guaranteeing the meaningful participation of all stakeholders.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Data disaggregated by gender, race, ethnicity, class, age, disability, religion, language, caste, national or social origin is required to capture intersectionality or how multiple types of inequality and discrimination reinforce exclusion.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> For more information refer to <u>Good practices in gender-responsive evaluations</u> and <u>Guidance on Evaluating Institutional Gender</u> <u>Mainstreaming</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Sampling bias result from not covering all the population (omission bias) or by covering some parts of it (inclusion bias).

#### Figure 1: UNEG Ethical Guidelines for Evaluation (2020)

## INTEGRITY

- Honesty and truthfulness in communication and actions.
- Professionalism based on competence, commitment, ongoing reflective practice and credible and trustworthy behaviour.
- Independence, impartiality and incorruptibility to mitigate or prevent conflicts of interest, bias or undue influence of others, which may otherwise compromise responsible and professional evaluation practice.

## RESPECT

Access to the evaluation process and products by all relevant stakeholders – with due attention to factors that can impede access such as sex, gender, race, language, country of origin, LGBTQ status, age, background, religion, ethnicity and ability. Meaningful engagement and fair treatment of all relevant stakeholders in the evaluation processes, so they can actively inform the evaluation approach and products rather than being solely a subject of data collection. Fair representation of different voices and perspectives in evaluation products.

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY**

- Transparency of the evaluation, thereby increasing accountability for performance to the public.
- Responsiveness as questions or events arise. Where corruption, fraud, sexual exploitation or abuse or other misconduct or waste of resources is identified, it must be referred to appropriate channels.
- Taking responsibility for meeting the evaluation purpose and for actions taken.
- Fairly and accurately reporting to stakeholders' decisions, actions and intentions.

## BENEFICIENCE

- Explicit and ongoing consideration of risks and benefits from evaluation processes, products and longer-term consequences.
- Maximizing benefits at systemic (including environmental), organizational and programmatic levels.
- Doing no harm and not proceeding with an evaluation when harms cannot be mitigated.
- Ensuring evaluation makes an overall positive contribution to human and natural systems and to the mission of the United Nation.

#### 5.4. Analysis: process and triangulation

The Evaluation Team should systematically organize, compare and synthesize data collected. The analysis will include an assessment of what the data is stating about each of the evaluation questions. The Evaluation Team is strongly encouraged to use data analytical tools or instruments<sup>22</sup>. Evaluation findings, conclusions and recommendations must reflect the results from targeted analyse<sup>23</sup> on gender equality and empowerment of women, human rights, disability inclusion and environmental sustainability.

The evaluation must include triangulation of information using various methods of data collection and sources of information to ensure robust and credible findings. In this regard, a variety of other validation methods can be applied to ensure data validity<sup>24</sup>, accuracy, reliability<sup>25</sup> and quality. For instance, validation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> For example, SPSS, STATA, Qualtrics, and NVivo.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> UN SWAP EPI Criterion 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Validity refers to the degree to which the evaluation and its data collection tools are measuring the concepts intended to be measured; in other words, whether or not the tools are collecting the information they are intended to collect or measuring the right construct.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Reliability is consistency in results using the same method (i.e., if the same survey is instituted several times it should give you similar results each time).

can be conducted by assigning multiple data reviewers within the Evaluation Team to cross-check data entry and analysis.

Triangulation is typically carried out by the Evaluation Team during the analysis phase. It helps to counteract interests or biases related to any one data source, thereby giving more credibility and stronger evidence on which to base evaluation conclusions. Data triangulation is also important to ensure that the voices of most vulnerable individuals and groups are heard and verified by various data sources.

The evaluation report should describe the analytical process undertaken, any analytical frameworks used for the evaluation and the underlying rationale for the judgments/conclusions made by the team.

## 5.5. Best practice in evaluation report writing

The evaluation report should:

- Be written in a clear and concise manner that allows readers to easily follow its logic.
- Not be overly filled with factual descriptions, especially those available elsewhere.
- Present findings, conclusions and recommendations in a logical and convincing manner.

#### Further:

- Language employed should be universally comprehensible, with sentences remaining precise and neutral.
- The length of the report should be limited to ensure engagement and accessibility.
- There should be a logical flow of information.
- The report should have a **deductive logic** and tell a story with the evaluation results, rather than simply present results against questions.
- The report should be **structured clearly**, with paragraph and section content aligned with the respective section header and sub-header.

The report is to be read in line with the UNEG CF Evaluation Guidelines document, with further detail on evaluation conduct and quality assurance found in the <u>UNEG Evaluation Report Quality Checklist</u> and <u>UNEG</u> <u>Norms and Standards for Evaluations</u>.

#### 5.6. Report structure

Standard evaluation reports should comprise the following elements:

- What was evaluated and why (purpose and scope).
- How the evaluation was conducted (objectives and methodology).
- What was found and on what evidence (findings and evidences/analysis).
- What was concluded from the findings and in response to the main evaluation questions (conclusions).
- What was recommended (recommendations).

• What could be usefully learned (lessons learned).

An Evaluation Report template can be found in Appendix 4.

For each CF evaluation a **Summary Performance Rating** will be submitted by the Evaluation Team with the final CF evaluation report to facilitate regional and global performance synthesis. The rating system of CF evaluations is recommended to simplify the identification of levels of performance by decision-makers; to help aggregate results; and enhance the provision of consolidated reporting back to governments in programme countries as well as to governing bodies. The performance rating scheme is available in <u>Appendix 7</u>.

## 5.7. Recommendations

Recommendations should be developed to ensure the utility of the evaluation. They should:

- Logically follow the findings based on evidence and the conclusions drawn from them, with their rationale clearly explained.
- Be relevant to the country context and to the aim of driving progress towards the achievement of national goals and the SDGs.
- Be developed with the involvement of relevant stakeholders to ensure the relevance and feasibility of the actions.
- Not be overly prescriptive so as to allow the UNCT to design concrete actions for implementation in the management response.

## 5.8. Management response

To strengthen the use of evaluation findings, promote learning and accountability, and contribute to improved programme design and delivery, all CF evaluations require a management response.

Once the evaluation report is finalized and signed off by DCO, the RC/RCO and Evaluation Steering Committee should coordinate to prepare the formal management response to the evaluation. It should contain a response to each recommendation (normally prepared in tabular format) and a follow-up mechanism.

The response to each recommendation should include:

- Whether the recommendation is accepted, partially accepted, or rejected and why;
- Actions that will be taken, by whom and when, for those recommendations accepted; and
- An explanation of why certain recommendations were rejected and potential alternative actions to address the issues raised.

The management response should be presented at a post-evaluation stakeholder workshop for discussion. The final evaluation report will be made publicly available.

A management response template can be found in <u>Appendix 5</u>.

## 5.9. Recommendations tracking

The process to ensure that evaluation findings inform future action involves the formal issuing and tracking of recommendations, and subsequent follow-up by DCO. This process aims to ensure actions indicated in response to the CF evaluation recommendations are adequately implemented. The process and frequency of follow-up must be indicated in the management response.

DCO will set up a mechanism to monitor implementation of the management response.

<u>Appendix 6</u> includes a template for the compliance monitoring of the management action plan in response to the CF evaluation recommendations.

## 6. Dissemination

## 6.1 Dissemination modes

The RC shall commit to facilitate maximum in-country dissemination of the report, management response and follow-up actions. DCO shall commit to posting the CF evaluation reports, management responses and follow-up actions on the UNSDG website.

As the CF evaluation is finalised, the Evaluation Manager and Evaluation Steering Committee should give due thought to internal and external dissemination modes. Due regard should be given to:

- **External dissemination**: discussing how the report will be made publicly available including, for example, which platforms may be used.
- Internal dissemination: platforms used for internal publication and roll-out to regional and global management.
- **Dissemination to study respondents**: how findings will be disseminated to all stakeholders/respondents engaged in the evaluation, including the government, noting if/how the language and format will be adapted for different stakeholder groups as appropriate and necessary.

## 6.2 Stakeholder workshops

Post-evaluation stakeholder workshops provide an opportunity to present findings and engage stakeholders in discussions regarding evaluation recommendations and next steps. A broad range of stakeholders should be invited to the workshop including: high-level government officials; funding partners and civil-society organizations; local-government officials from areas where there were programme activities; and representatives of other stakeholder groups, as appropriate. Ideally, the invitation should be sent by the highest-ranking government official possible, together with the RC, to encourage participation.

## 6.3 Accountability to beneficiaries

Accountability to beneficiaries and/or the affected population is an important principle in evaluation dissemination. They often give their time to respond to evaluator requests. It is, therefore, an important act of public accountability to inform them when their contributions are used to improve UN assistance and, by implication, national efforts to achieve the objectives embodied in the SDGs.

Additionally, stakeholders, as well as beneficiaries and affected populations involved in the evaluation process, should be given access to the key messages in an appropriate format. The key messages should summarize the main findings that are relevant to each constituency, thank those who spent their time providing inputs to the evaluation, and provide a link for those who wish to obtain the full report. The means of disseminating key messages should be chosen based on the type of beneficiary, for example:

- Email or text messages if appropriate;
- Letters to beneficiary group representatives;
- Posters in locations where beneficiaries or affected populations can see them;
- Short audio-visual items, presented collectively to beneficiary groups or through internet media; or
- Messages broadcasted through existing media channels.

## Appendices

| Phase     | Action                                                                                                                                                     | Lead                   | In consultation with              | Guideline section                                                                |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           | Notify apex national counterparts (or the<br>CF Steering Committee), DCO and the<br>(UNCT) Result Groups on the UN's intent<br>to launch the CF evaluation | RC                     | DCO                               | Chapter 2; Annex B                                                               |
|           | Designate an Evaluation Manager                                                                                                                            | RC                     | UNCT/ DCO                         | Chapter 2; Annex B                                                               |
|           | Establish a national Evaluation Steering<br>Committee                                                                                                      | Evaluation Manager     | RCO/ UNCT                         | Chapter 2; Annex B                                                               |
|           | Draft the operational evaluation workplan and timeline                                                                                                     | Evaluation Manager     | DCO Evaluation Advisor            | Chapter 3.2; Annex B                                                             |
| Planning  | Preparatory deskwork and consultation processes to draft the <u>TOR</u>                                                                                    | Evaluation Manager     | RCO/ thematic group leads/<br>DCO | Chapter 2; Chapter 3.3 and<br>3.4; Appendix 2 (including<br>Annex B)             |
|           | Approve the Evaluation TOR                                                                                                                                 | DCO                    |                                   | Chapter 3.3; Annex B                                                             |
|           | Publish a call for independent external evaluators                                                                                                         | RC                     |                                   | Chapter 3.5; Annexes B &<br>C                                                    |
|           | Identify and recruit the Evaluation Team                                                                                                                   | Evaluation Manager     | DCO/ DCO Evaluation Advisor       | Chapter 2; Chapter 3.5;<br>Annexes B & C                                         |
|           | Final approval of the Evaluation Team                                                                                                                      | DCO                    |                                   | Annex B                                                                          |
|           | Identify stakeholders and map development actors                                                                                                           | Evaluation Manager     |                                   | Chapter 3.4; Annex B                                                             |
| Inception | Map and scope activities to refine the<br>evaluation design and questions to be<br>reflected in the <u>inception report</u>                                | Evaluation Team Leader | Evaluation Team                   | Chapter 4; Chapter 5.1,<br>5.2; Appendices 2<br>(including Annex A and B)<br>& 3 |

|                            | RC and Evaluation Manager briefing                                                                | Evaluation Team Leader                 | Evaluation Team ; DCO<br>Evaluation Advisor                                                                          | Chapter 2; Annex B                                                                    |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                            | Agree/ develop theories of change                                                                 | Evaluation Team Leader                 | Evaluation Team; DCO<br>Evaluation Advisor; RC; and<br>Evaluation Manager                                            | Chapter 2; Chapter 4.1;<br>Annex B                                                    |
|                            | Detailed stakeholder mapping and analysis                                                         |                                        |                                                                                                                      | Chapter 3.4                                                                           |
|                            | Drafting of the inception report                                                                  | Evaluation Team Leader                 | Evaluation Team                                                                                                      | Chapter 4; Chapter 5.1,<br>5.2, 5.3; Appendices 2<br>(including Annex A and B)<br>& 3 |
| Data collection & analysis | Primary and secondary data collection and analysis, including triangulation                       | Evaluation Team                        |                                                                                                                      | Chapter 5.4; Annex B                                                                  |
| Reporting                  | Synthesise of findings and drafting of the Evaluation Report                                      | Evaluation Team                        | Evaluation Manager                                                                                                   | Chapter 2; Chapters 5.5,<br>5.6, 5.7; Annex B;<br>Appendices 4 & 7                    |
| Review & validation        | Review and validation (quality assurance)                                                         | DCO                                    | UNCT/ Executive Steering<br>Committee                                                                                | Chapter 2; Chapter 3.1.2;<br>Annex B                                                  |
|                            | Draft a <u>management response</u>                                                                | RC/RCO                                 | UNCT/ Executive Steering<br>Committee                                                                                | Chapter 2, 5.8Annex B;<br>Appendix 6                                                  |
|                            | In-country dissemination of the report,<br>management response and follow-up<br>actions           | RC                                     | UNCT/ Executive Steering<br>Committee                                                                                | Chapter 6.1; Annex B                                                                  |
| Dissemination              | Post CF Evaluation Reports, management<br>responses and follow-up actions on the<br>UNSDG website | DCO                                    |                                                                                                                      | Chapter 6.1, 5.8, 5.9;<br>Annex B; Appendices 4 & 5                                   |
|                            | Organise post-evaluation stakeholder<br>workshops                                                 | Highest-ranking<br>government official | RC/ stakeholders government<br>officials, funding partners,<br>civil society organizations and<br>the private sector | Chapter 2; Chapter 6.2                                                                |

| Throughout | Quality Assurance | DCO/ Evaluation<br>Manager | Chapter 3.1.2; Annex B |
|------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
|            |                   | Widhager                   |                        |

## Appendix 2: Terms of Reference template

## TERMS OF REFERENCE UNSDCF EVALUATION [name of country (YEAR)]

#### PREAMLE:

The Terms of Reference (ToR) of the evaluation defines the parameters of the evaluation. Specifically, it outlines the purpose, objectives and scope of the evaluation, the methodology to be utilized, the composition of the evaluation team and their respective roles and responsibilities, the expected deliverables, timeline and budget. The ToR also serves as the basis of the contractual arrangement between the RCOs and the evaluators or the evaluation team to conduct the evaluation. It is important that the entire CF process be accessible<sup>1</sup> to everyone involved.

□ The ToR is prepared and drafted by the evaluation manager<sup>2</sup> as a first step of the evaluation process.

## 1. Introduction

- This section also outlines the general role of evaluation at DCO (i.e. learning, accountability etc.); lists the institutional guidelines that mandate the conduct of UNDAF/CF evaluation (UNDAF/CF mandates, evaluation requirements), and provides the rationale for conducting the country UNDAF/CF evaluation.
- This section should also include the intended audience and users of the evaluation.

#### Background - COUNTRY CONTEXT AND UNSDCF HIGHLIGHTS

- Provides a general introduction to the Country Framework (CF) and overview of the context (a brief context analysis, description of the development landscape, and mapping of the CF outcomes and outputs) for the evaluation.
- Outlines the broad scope of the evaluation and sets the scene for the rest of the Terms of Reference.

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This section should briefly present the UNDAF/CF to be evaluated within the national context and how it is related to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), national development plans and other key development policies and strategies. The country typology (e.g. middle-income or land-locked country) should be included and whether the CF was developed in a normal development setting or during transition from humanitarian/recovery to development phase should also be noted. As such, the section could include relevant elements from the CCA that informed the development of the UNDAF/CF, particularly economic, social and political indicators and relevant aspects of the CF's institutional normative and strategic framework.

This section should present a brief presentation of the CF Theory of Change (ToC) and results framework, outcomes and outputs contained in the CF and expected high level results expected from the implementation of the CF. It should include the rationale, intervention logic and risks and assumptions, as well as a mapping of participating agencies, allocated funding/resources (including funding gaps) and key stakeholders.

Reference to available evaluative knowledge and assessments of results, notably the results of country programme evaluations of UN agencies operating under the umbrella of the CF should be included.

This section should also identify any contextual issues relating to gender equality and human rights (noting the rights of marginalized groups such as youth, persons with disabilities and indigenous peoples as required under UN system-wide strategies/action plans) that should be examined. <u>However, this</u> <u>section should not be a repeat of the CF</u>.

| Inclus | Inclusion of sufficient and relevant contextual information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |  |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
|        | The introduction clearly sets the scene for the evaluation with key information about the CF, including a description of the particular political, development and governance environment in which the evaluation will be taking place, including transborder or regional dynamics. For example, the most relevant aspects of the economic, social and political context are described. |  |  |
|        | Brief description of how the CF fits into national priorities and its relation to the SDGs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |  |
|        | Description of the national progress (Voluntary National Reviews [VNRs], Human Development indicators and other development indexes), changes in government laws, institutions, regulations, plans and strategies).                                                                                                                                                                     |  |  |
|        | Summary of the CF's ToC, rationale, intervention logic, strategy and approach, including risks and assumptions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |  |

## Quality checklist for this section:

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| If applicable, mention is made of any changes to the logical framework to account for emerging events e.g. COVID-19, government change, man-made or natural disaster. |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A mapping or description of participating UN agencies, partners, and resources (and funding gaps) is clearly presented.                                               |
| Monitoring and evaluation mechanisms and plans of the CF, as well as former evaluative knowledge and assessment of results are referred to.                           |

## 2. Purpose and Objectives

Presents the purpose and objectives of the evaluation (both the overall objective of a country CF evaluation as well as the specific objectives), detail the subject/issues that will be evaluated, and delineate the scope of the evaluation (timeframe, geographical coverage).

While the purpose is normally standard for CF evaluations, the objectives can be adjusted and expanded, depending on the context and the evaluation needs. The evaluation objectives will inform the evaluation questions, which will be further elaborated as part of the inception report.

The purpose and objectives of CF evaluations are generally the same across countries. The CF evaluation has two primary purposes:

- I. Promote greater learning and operational improvement. The evaluation will provide important information for strengthening programming and results at the country level, specifically informing the planning and decision-making for the next CF programme cycle and for improving UN coordination at the country level. The UNCT, host government and other CF stakeholders can learn from the process of documenting good practices and lessons learned, which can then be shared with DCO and used for the benefit of other countries.
- **II.** Support greater accountability of the UNCT to CF stakeholders. By objectively providing evidence of results achieved within the framework of the CF and assessing the effectiveness of the strategies and interventions used, the evaluation will enable the various stakeholders in the CF process, including national counterparts and donors, to hold the UNCT and other parties accountable for fulfilling their roles and commitments.

The objectives of the evaluation are to:

- 1. Assess the contribution of the CF to national development results through evidence-based judgements using evaluation criteria (accountability).
- 2. Identify factors that have affected the CF's contribution; answering the question of why the performance is as it is; and explaining the enabling factors and bottlenecks (learning).
- 3. Reach conclusions concerning the UN's contribution across the scope being examined.
- 4. Provide actionable recommendations for improving the CF's contribution, especially for

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incorporation into the new CF programming cycle. These recommendations should be logically linked to the conclusions and findings of the evaluation and should draw upon lessons learned identified through the evaluation.

#### Quality checklist for this section:

| Speci | Specific reference to the purpose and objectives of the evaluation                                                                           |  |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|       | Clear statement of why the evaluation is being conducted, its purpose and expected outcomes, and justification for its timing.               |  |
|       | The evaluation objective(s) clearly follow from the overall purpose of the evaluation.                                                       |  |
|       | The evaluation objectives are realistic and achievable, in light of the information that can be collected in the context of the undertaking. |  |
|       | Issues and inputs from stakeholders are adequately covered and reflected in the objectives of the evaluation.                                |  |

## 3. Scope

#### Presents:

- The period covered by the evaluation;
- The type of work from the different UN agencies to be assessed;
- Specificities on the CF outcomes, issues and topics to be examined; and
- The key users of the evaluation and intended use.

The evaluation scope should specify the key outputs and programmes that contribute to the CF outcomes, including the work of non-resident agencies during the CF programming cycle. This section will make reference to the cross-cutting issues and normative work of the UNCT (i.e. gender equality and empowerment of women, human rights, disability inclusion and environmental sustainability) to be considered as part of the evaluation scope.

The key users of the evaluation results and the time period that will be covered by the evaluation will be specified in this section too.

#### Quality checklist for this section:

| Spec | Specific reference to the scope and users of the evaluation                                                                                                                                                |  |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|      | Explicit and clear definition of what will and will not be covered by the evaluation, including the timeframe, geographical and/ or thematic areas to be covered by the evaluation.                        |  |
|      | Specific reference that the evaluation will integrate cross-cutting issues and normative work, including gender equality and human rights, disability inclusion and environmental sustainability concerns. |  |

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| The scope of the evaluation is adequate to meet the stated evaluation objective(s).                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The scope of the evaluation is feasible given resources and time considerations.                                                                                                                      |
| Brief statement of how the evaluation will be used and identification of the primary and secondary users of the evaluation (key users and target audiences). This is informed by stakeholder mapping. |

## 4. Evaluation Criteria and Questions

Introduces the key evaluation criteria and questions. Examples of potential evaluation questions are available in <u>Annex A</u>.

This section should identify the initial suggested evaluation questions and the evaluation criteria, which should include OECD<sup>6</sup>-DAC<sup>7</sup> evaluation criteria (relevance and adaptability<sup>8</sup>, effectiveness, efficiency, and sustainability) as well as coordination which is a criterion specific to DCO considering the one UN spirit and the multiagency nature of the CFs. The above-mentioned set of evaluation criteria is adequate for the assessment of most CFs, including the extent to which they might have contributed to the achievement of outcome level indicators. However, with the multiplication of humanitarian crises, humanitarian assistance is more and more required from UN entities at country levels. Therefore, if necessary, for the assessment of humanitarian interventions, two additional evaluation criteria need to be considered, namely, **coverage** (geographic and beneficiaries) **and connectedness** (the extent to which the UNCT has been able to apply a resilience approach linking prevention, preparedness, response and early recovery with national capacity building).

The final evaluation questions and the evaluation matrix<sup>9</sup> will be finalized by the evaluation team in the design report.

The TORs include a list of evaluation questions that are in line with the purpose, objectives and scope of the evaluation. The evaluation questions are usually structured around the following criteria:

- Relevance and adaptability
- Coherence
- Effectiveness
- Efficiency
- Coordination
- Sustainability
- Orientation towards impact

Quality checklist for this section:

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| Evaluation questions cover all the criteria/ dimensions mentioned in the guide |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                | There is reference to the evaluation criteria against which the intervention will be assessed.                                                                                                                                                |
|                                                                                | Questions are:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                                                                | <ul> <li>Well-defined and specific to the timing and objectives of the evaluation, and to how the<br/>evaluation findings will be used, and by whom.</li> </ul>                                                                               |
|                                                                                | <ul> <li>Drawn from the intervention ToC and/or logic model to ensure specificity to the context and<br/>the intervention.</li> </ul>                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                | <ul> <li>Relevant to the intervention and to users' needs.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                | <ul> <li>Prioritized, given that evaluations are limited in time and resources.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                | <ul> <li>Developed applying a gender lens by considering gender equality and empowerment of<br/>women within each of the dimensions/ criteria or as a standalone criterion, and in the<br/>evaluation questions and sub-questions.</li> </ul> |
|                                                                                | They should also:                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                                                                                | <ul> <li>Go beyond intended results to explain why and how the CF achieved or did not achieve its<br/>results.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                | <ul> <li>Address human rights, disability inclusion and environmental sustainability issues.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                       |
|                                                                                | Mentions that the evaluator may adapt the evaluation criteria and questions, upon agreement between the Evaluation Manager and the evaluator as reflected in the inception report.                                                            |

## 5. Evaluation Approach and Methodology

Describes the evaluation's intended approach and methodology.

This section should describe the evaluation's intended approach and methodology, including the methodological approach, which will be elaborated by the evaluation team during the design phase. The methodology should outline the intervention logic leading to a reconstructed theory of change of the UN support in the country. The theory of change analysis and reconstruction should be limited to the linkages between the outputs and outcomes. This is because the CF should technically be limited at outcome levels; outputs and activities are developed by agencies.

This section should make clear the gender and human rights sensitivity of the methodology<sup>10</sup> (as should any limitations toward implementing a gender and human rights responsive evaluation).

This section should also detail data collection and analysis methods, data sources, validation methods, and stakeholder involvement/participation, noting the importance of inclusion and accessibility for all.

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To support the analysis, reference should be made to the evaluation matrix which is the primary analytical tool of the evaluation. The evaluation matrix should be presented, linking the evaluation questions to the evaluation criteria. In this matrix, the evaluation questions should be broken down into assumptions (aspects to focus upon) and related indicators. Evaluation questions should be linked to data sources and data collection methods.

**This section will also present a brief outline of the quality assurance process:** The Evaluation quality assurance and assessment will be conducted through two processes: quality assurance and quality assessment<sup>11</sup>. The quality assurance will occur throughout the evaluation process and covers all deliverables.

For all CF evaluations, this section will be quasi static. No major changes are expected from a country to another. You may copy the example in annex 1 and add here, then twist a little bit if necessary.

*However, c*onsidering that the methodology will be finalized during the inception phase, in the ToR, countries may limit the methodology section to the paragraph below:

The evaluation will use a combination of document reviews, analysis of other quantitative secondary data, individual interviews with key informants and focus groups or other types of group discussion to collect data. The evaluation team will develop the evaluation methodology in accordance with the evaluation approach and design tools to collect appropriate data and information as strong, evidence-based answers to answer the overall evaluation questions. The methodological design will include: the sampling approach; the participation and inclusion; the theory of change analysis and reconstruction; the data collection tools; the evaluation matrix; the data collection strategy; data quality assurance (control and validation); data analysis and reporting. To this end, the evaluation team will be informed by Annex 1 (Standard methodology) of Appendix 2 (Terms of reference template) of the UNSDCF evaluation guidelines 2021 revised.

The TORs specify the evaluation approach and the variety of methods and data collection tools the Evaluation Team will be expected to follow. Data collection methods must be linked to the evaluation criteria and evaluation questions as specified in Section 4 of the TORs.

The section should consider gender sensitivity and specify that data be systematically disaggregated by sex and age and, to the extent possible, by geographical region, ethnicity, disability, migratory status and other contextually relevant markers of equity.

Reference to a variety of validation methods is made to ensure that the data and information used, and conclusions made are well-founded and carry the necessary depth. Triangulation of information sources and findings should be explicitly described as they improve validity, quality and use of evaluation.

Quality checklist for this section:

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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Section clearly describes the evaluation approach and methods to be used to ensure a rigorous assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Specific reference that the evaluation should follow UNEG Norms and Standards for Evaluations, as well as UNEG Ethical Guidelines is made.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |  |
| Description of the approach(es) to be adopted to enhance the utility and national owner<br>evaluation results, and specifies that the methodology should ensure involvement<br>stakeholders throughout the evaluation process (e.g. stakeholder workshop, debrie<br>evaluation users, etc.). Examples of approaches include participatory, utilization-focuse<br>theory-based. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul> <li>The methodological approach for the evaluation is briefly described and the section specifies that:</li> <li>An overview on the approach and methodology, including an evaluation design matrix, sampling plans and the work plan, should be developed as part of the inception report;</li> </ul>                                                                                       |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul> <li>Reference to the data collection methods should be identified following: analysis of availability of existing evaluative evidence and administrative data, logistical constraints (travel, costs, time, etc.) and ethical considerations (especially when evaluating sensitive topics such as gender-based violence or in sensitive settings such as post-conflict settings);</li> </ul> |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul> <li>The evaluation methodology should comprise the use of multiple methods, including an<br/>analysis of both quantitative and qualitative data, to capture the intervention's contribution to<br/>the achievement of expected and unexpected outcomes;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                           |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul> <li>Multiple methods and tools should be used for validation and triangulation of findings;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul> <li>Data collection, analysis and presentation of findings should be responsive to and include<br/>issues relating to gender equality and empowerment of women, diversity inclusion and non-<br/>discrimination, human rights and environmental sustainability.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                   |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | The methodological approach accounts for existing evaluations and the synthesis of evaluative evidence e.g. project evaluations, agency-specific evaluations, CF mid-term review, etc.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | The evaluation methodology takes into account the overall purpose of the evaluation, as well as the needs of the users and other stakeholders.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |

## 6. Management Arrangements

Describes management issues related to the conduct of the CF evaluation. This section should lay out the various levels of management, clarify reporting lines and clearly state to whom the Evaluation Team reports.

This section presents the composition of the steering committee; indicates the composition of the evaluation team together with their qualifications and experience in evaluations; expounds the roles and responsibilities<sup>26</sup> of the evaluation manager, the evaluation team members and the evaluation steering committee.

**Composition of the evaluation team:** This sub-section specifies the composition and qualifications of the evaluation team members. It should consider identifying the number of evaluators and thematic (subject area) experts needed, and provide specific job descriptions for each, including required skills and experience.

The expected responsibilities of each team member should also be detailed, as should information on any conflict of interest (COI). All efforts should be put in place to prevent COI. Also, evaluation team members should not have taken part in the implementation of the cycle been evaluated nor anticipated to play any role in the next cycle. In order to increase the plausibility of this requirement, it is recommended to consider hiring an international consultant not leaving in the country as team leader.

It is expected that the core evaluation team will be constituted as a multidisciplinary team able to soundly assess all the CF's priority areas:

- Team leader, with overall responsibility for providing guidance and leadership, and in coordinating the draft and final report. He/she holds the overall responsibility for the methodological design and implementation of the evaluation and therefore, should demonstrate adequate expertise in evaluation methods, management of evaluations, report writing skills. He/she will be responsible for the production and timely submission of all expected deliverables in line with the ToR. If necessary, the team leader will act as a technical expert for one CF's priority area.
- Team specialists, who will provide thematic expertise (in the core CF priority area/s) and evaluation expertise and be responsible for drafting key parts of the report.
- Other members as appropriate.

Note that all team members must be committed to respecting deadlines within the agreed time-frame. Team members must also be able to work in a multidisciplinary team and multicultural environment, and should be knowledgeable of issues pertaining to human rights, gender equality and how to ensure the full inclusion of all team members (e.g. ensuring communications are accessible for colleagues with disabilities).

The TORs should lay out the various levels of management involved in commissioning and overseeing the evaluation, clarify reporting lines and clearly state to whom the Evaluation Team reports. Drafting this section can be informed by the details included in <u>Annex B – Governance roles and responsibilities</u>.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 26}$  Pretty standard for all CF evaluations in all countries Page  ${\bf 38}$  of  ${\bf 81}$ 

This section should include also the expected composition of the Evaluation Team and related qualifications. Further details are included in <u>Annex C – The Evaluation Team</u>. As it is likely that more than one evaluator is recruited, it is also helpful to stipulate reporting lines within the Evaluation Team and clarify each partner's prospective contribution.

Reference is made to the validation of evaluation results with national partners and stakeholders, and their use to inform the development of the next CF.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Secti | Section clearly presents the management arrangements and reporting lines for the evaluation                                                                                                    |  |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|       | Clear description of the governance and management arrangements for the evaluation, including the key actors involved, their roles and responsibilities and the reporting lines.               |  |
|       | Presents the roles and responsibilities for Evaluation Team members, evaluation stakeholders and partners.                                                                                     |  |
|       | Indicates the preferred Evaluation Team composition and desired competencies of evaluators (qualification, languages, relevance experience, statistical and analytical skills required, etc.). |  |
|       | Specifies that the Evaluation Team should abide by the UNEG Code of Conduct for carrying out the evaluations.                                                                                  |  |

## 7. Evaluation Process and Timeline

Presents the overall evaluation process, and tentative timeframe of the CF evaluation.

This section should broadly outline the phases of the evaluation and what is expected within each phase: (i) preparation; (ii) design; (iii) field; (iv) reporting and (v) management response, dissemination, use and follow up. For example:

- a. *Preparatory Phase:* development of the roadmap; constitution of the evaluation steering committee; development of the ToR; publication of ToR; identification and recruitment of the evaluation team; etc..
- Design phase: desk review; Development of the methodology; assessment of the theory of change and reconstitution (if necessary) to better adhere to the CF as implemented; constitution of the sampling frame<sup>27</sup>; sampling; field planning; etc;
- c. *Field Phase:* data collection in the field; validation of information;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Noting that to meet the requirements of the UN Disability Inclusion Strategy UNCT Accountability Scorecard, UNCTs should explicitly commit to the rights of persons with disabilities in the CF, visibly mainstream disability inclusion in at least one of the CF outcomes areas and joint workplans, and disaggregate outcomes indicators by disability, sex and age to the extent possible) this should be taken into consideration when designing the constitution of the sampling frame. Page **39** of **81** 

- d. *Reporting Phase:* data management, analysis and report writing; report validation; submission of draft report for evaluation quality assessment (EQA); etc
- e. *Management response; Dissemination and use Phase:* RCO and UNCT develop the management response

The main stages of the CF evaluation process should be laid out, namely: preparation; conduct and implementation; and follow-up and use of evaluation results. The TOR should also include a tentative timeframe.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Secti | Section clearly presents the evaluation process and timeline                                                                             |  |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|       | Presents the key stages of the evaluation process and an indicative timeframe, including milestones and deadlines.                       |  |
|       | Indicates that the evaluation timeframe will be further detailed in the inception report, following consultations with key stakeholders. |  |

## 8. Evaluation Deliverables

Details key deliverables of the evaluation process.

The key deliverables that the CF Evaluation Team is expected to produce are:

- Inception Report, containing a preliminary analysis of the CF ToC or, in its absence, reconstruction of the CF ToC; an elaboration of the evaluation approach and methods, including the <u>evaluation design</u> <u>matrix</u>; and a detailed evaluation plan and timeline, including a tentative list of interviews to be arranged or plans for field visits.
- **Preliminary findings report or presentation**, in a template to be agreed with the Evaluation Manager.
- Draft and final CF Evaluation Report, including the annexes.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Section presents the main evaluation deliverables to be produced |                                                                                               |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                  | Description of the expected deliverables to be produced by the Evaluation Team, including the |
|                                                                  | timing for their delivery. Reference is made to the suggested templates for the deliverables. |

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| Details or references are made to the expected requirements, in terms of language, format, structure and length for each of the deliverables. |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A clear description of how the quality of the deliverables will be assessed is included.                                                      |

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## Annex 1: Standard methodology section

## Evaluation Methodology:

## For all CF evaluations, the methodology will be quasi static. No major changes are expected from a country to another. The evaluation team will be guided by the methodology below.

The evaluation will use a combination of document reviews, analysis of other quantitative secondary data, individual interviews with key informants and focus groups or other types of group discussion to collect data. The evaluation team will develop the evaluation methodology in accordance with the evaluation approach and design tools to collect appropriate data and information as strong, evidence-based answers to answer the overall evaluation questions. The methodological design will include: the sampling approach; the participation and inclusion; the theory of change analysis and reconstruction; the evaluation matrix; the data collection strategy; data quality assurance (control and validation); data analysis; specially designed tools; an and a detailed work plan.

**Sampling approach:** A purposive sampling approach will be used to select programmes (joint workplans; joint programmes; UN agencies strategic plans etc.) that will be covered in the scope of the CF evaluation. The selected programmes should have sufficient level of transformational intent (depth, breadth, and size) and maturity.

The purposive sampling approach will also be used to target groups and stakeholders to be consulted. It is expected that the list of target groups will ensure adequate representation of beneficiaries, including civil society organizations with an emphasis on vulnerable groups, e.g people living with disabilities, and other marginalized groups. The selection will be informed by the portfolio analysis and stakeholder mapping undertaken during the inception phase of the evaluation. This analysis will yield information on the relevant initiatives and partners to be part of the evaluation (including those that may not have partnered with the UNCT but play a key role in the outcomes to which CF contributes). The evaluation team should clearly outline the sample selection criteria and process and identify any potential bias and limitations, including the steps towards addressing the limitations.

The sampling technique should ensure that the selected samples adequately reflect the diversity of stakeholders of the intervention and pay special attention to the inclusion, participation, and non-discrimination of the most vulnerable stakeholders. This process will enhance the credibility and technical adequacy of the information gathered.

**Data collection:** The evaluation will use quantitative and qualitative approaches, including literature review, statistics at national and local levels, survey data, semi-structured interviews, direct observation, focus groups and workshops.

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**Quality assurance:** The data collected should be subjected to a rigorous quality assurance for validation purposes, using a variety of tools including triangulation of information sources and permanent exchange with the CF implementation entities at Country Office level.

**Evaluation Matrix<sup>28</sup>:** The evaluation team will use the template of the evaluation matrix provided by the evaluation manager to systematically structure and consolidate the data collected for each of the evaluation questions. This matrix will allow them, among other things, to identify the missing data and thus fill these gaps before the end of the collection. This matrix will also help to ensure the validity of the data collected.

**Participation and inclusion:** This evaluation should be conducted using a participatory and inclusive approach<sup>29</sup>, involving a wide range of partners and stakeholders. The evaluation team will carry out a stakeholder mapping to identify the direct and indirect partners of the CF, specifically targeting United Nations organizations and representatives of the national government. Stakeholders mapping may include civil society organizations<sup>30</sup>, the private sector, other multilateral and bilateral cooperation organizations and, above all, the beneficiaries of the program.

**Contribution analysis (based on the "theory of change"):** The evaluation will be conducted on the basis of a theoretical approach, which means that the evaluation methodology will be based on a careful analysis of the expected results, outputs and contextual factors (which may affect the implementation of the CF interventions) and their potential to achieve the desired effects. The analysis of the CF's theory of change and the reconstruction of its intervention logic, if necessary, will therefore play a central role in the design of the evaluation, in the analysis of the data collected throughout the evaluation, in communicating results and in developing relevant and practical conclusions and recommendations.

The theory of change analysis should be limited to the soundness of the agencies' and joint workplans outputs to the outcome level and SDG indicators. Evaluators will base their evaluation on the analysis and interpretation of the logical consistency of the results chain: linking program outputs to changes at a higher level of outcomes, based on observations and data collected during the process along the result chain. This analysis should serve as a basis for the judgment of the evaluators on the contribution of the current CF to the achievement of the outcome level results as targeted by the CF.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Annex 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> An inclusive approach entails ensuring the key groups are involved and that everyone involved has access to the same information on an equal basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> In line with the UN Disability Inclusion Strategy, it is particularly important to include Organizations of Persons with Disabilities in your outreach to civil society organizations, as they are often forgotten and represent an important stakeholder group.

**Finalization of the evaluation questions and assumptions:** The evaluation team will finalize the evaluation questions after consultations with the evaluation steering committee and thematic groups. The final evaluation questions should be a reasonable number, generally not exceeding 15. They should clearly reflect the evaluation criteria as well as the indicative evaluation questions listed in this Terms of Reference. They should also take advantage of the results of the reconstruction of the intervention logic of the cooperation framework. The evaluation questions will be included in the evaluation matrix (see appendix) and should be supplemented by sets of hypotheses that capture the key aspects of the intervention logic associated with the scope of the question. Data collection for each of the assumptions will be guided by clearly formulated quantitative and qualitative indicators, also indicated in the matrix.

## Annex A. Evaluation questions and related criteria

The table below presents a set of tentative evaluation questions by criterion that can be considered by the Evaluation Manager to identify key evaluation questions of the TORs. This is not a mandatory list of questions and evaluation managers can apply them and identify additional ones as they see fit. A good practice is to have 2-3 questions per dimension/criterion. It is imperative that the questions are in line with the CF evaluation objectives, scope and needs. The final set of questions for the evaluation should be decided at the inception stage, following a participatory and consultative approach with key stakeholders (e.g. Evaluation Steering Committee, Consultative Group and key partners).

| Criteria        | Some examples of potential evaluation questions                                                                        |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Relevance and   | • To what extent has the CF integrated key issues and development challenges identified by the UN Common Country       |
| adaptability    | Analysis (CCA)?                                                                                                        |
| IS THE CF DOING | • To what extent are the CF objectives aligned and been consistent with the needs, priorities, and policies of the     |
| THE RIGHT       | government (including alignment to national development goals and targets, national plans, strategies and              |
| THINGS AND      | frameworks).                                                                                                           |
| ADAPTED WELL    | How dynamic and responsive has the CF been to emerging and unforeseen needs, especially those of the most              |
| TO EMERGING     | vulnerable, disadvantaged and marginalized groups?                                                                     |
| NEEDS?          | • To what extent did the CF build on a sound gender analysis, in such a way to promote gender equality and women's     |
|                 | empowerment?                                                                                                           |
|                 | <ul> <li>To what extent was the CF designed with due consideration to environmental sustainability?</li> </ul>         |
|                 | • To what extent does the CF address the triple nexus (development-peace-humanitarian spheres) and align with peace    |
|                 | and humanitarian response planning?                                                                                    |
|                 | <ul> <li>To what extent has the CF addressed regional and cross-border issues?</li> </ul>                              |
|                 | • To what extent did the implementation of the CF (joint workplan and agencies programmes) adjust to emerging issues   |
|                 | faced by the country during the implementation?                                                                        |
|                 | • To what extent have the partnerships with the national government specifically (e.g., ministries, agencies and other |
|                 | representatives) remained strong or was challenged at times of national emergencies and how well did the RC and        |
|                 | UNCT were able to promote national ownership of supported new interventions, programmes and policies proposed          |
|                 | by the UN to address emergencies?                                                                                      |

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| Criteria                                              | Some examples of potential evaluation questions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Criteria<br>Coherence<br>HOW WELL DOES<br>THE CF FIT? | <ul> <li>Some examples of potential evaluation questions</li> <li>To what extent has the CF strengthened the position, credibility and reliability of the UN system as a partner for the government and other actors, and has served as an effective partnership vehicle?</li> <li>To what extent has the CF promoted complementarity, harmonisation and co-ordination with other key development partners to maximize the achievement of results?</li> <li>To what extent has the CF strengthened the coherence of support by UNCT members and sought partnerships (with civil society/private sector/local government/parliament/national human rights institutions/international development partners) to enhance achievement of results?</li> <li>To what extent was the CF designed and delivered in line with international and national programming principles?</li> <li>To what extent has the UN system promoted or supported policies that are consistent among each other and across sectors, given the multi-sectoral nature of social and economic development?</li> </ul> |

| Criteria                                                                                   | Some examples of potential evaluation questions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Effectiveness<br>HAS THE CF<br>ACHIEVED ITS<br>OBJECTIVES?<br>IS THE CF DOING<br>IT RIGHT? | <ul> <li>Some examples of potential evaluation questions</li> <li>To what extent has the CF contributed effectively to provide greater clarity and transparency of results achieved and resources used?</li> <li>To what extent did the CF adopt and promote resilience-building approaches in support of governments' sustainable development objectives?</li> <li>How adequately has the CF invested in, and focus on, national capacity development?</li> <li>To what extent did CF adopt results-based management practices in its design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation to ensure the achievement of results?</li> <li>How effective has the CF been in achieving the results outlined in the results framework? What have been the benefits for the people and institutions targeted by the interventions, including the most vulnerable, disadvantaged, and</li> </ul>                                                                                                             |
|                                                                                            | <ul> <li>For the people and institutions targeted by the interventions, including the most vulnerable, disadvantaged, and marginalized population?</li> <li>To what extent has the CF contributed to key institutional, behavioural and legislative changes that are critical for catalysing progress towards the CF desired impact?</li> <li>To what extent has the CF contributed to the promotion of gender equality and women's empowerment?</li> <li>To what extent did the UN system support follow human rights principles and contribute to the promotion of human rights, including disability inclusion?</li> <li>To what extent was the CF implemented with due consideration to environmental sustainability? To what extent has the CF contributed to building national and local capacities and ensuring long-term gains? To what changes, in terms of capacities, knowledge of individuals or institutions in the country has the UN system support contributed to, if any?</li> </ul> |
| Efficiency<br>HOW WELL HAVE<br>RESOURCES BEEN<br>USED?                                     | <ul> <li>Was the CF supported by an integrated funding framework and by adequate funding instruments? What were the gaps, if any? Have resources been allocated efficiently?</li> <li>Has the CF been implemented in a timely way?</li> <li>Has the CF reduced transaction costs for partners through greater UN coherence and discipline?</li> <li>Did UN coordination reduce transaction costs and increase the efficiency of CF implementation?</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

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| Criteria                                                                         | Some examples of potential evaluation questions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                  | <ul> <li>To what extent has the CF collectively prioritized activities based on the needs (demand side) rather than on the availability of resources (supply side), and reallocated resources according to the collective priorities and changing needs if/where necessary?</li> <li>How adequate has the CF been in facilitating the effective reallocation of resources to emerging needs and priorities?</li> <li>Has the CF facilitated the identification of and access to new financing flows at scale for national partners?</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Coordination<br>HOW WELL HAS<br>IMPLEMENTATION<br>OF THE CF BEEN<br>COORDINATED? | <ul> <li>To what extent has the different UN agencies contributed to the functioning and consolidation of UNCT coordination mechanisms keeping in mind the spirit of the UN reform and adhering to it?</li> <li>To what extent has the RC's office ensured equitable coordination with other United Nations agencies in the country, particularly in the event of potential overlaps, while maintaining coherence in agencies' mandates? To what extent has the CF fostered internal coordination, through the promotion of synergies and interlinkages between its interventions?</li> <li>To what extent the national government and the UN system successfully coordinated the implementation of joint workplans and UN agencies' specific programmes to maximize efficiency, coverage, reaching the most vulnerable (disabled, women, youth, etc) while reducing overlaps?</li> <li>To what extent does the CF fully reflect the interests, priorities and mandate of UN agencies in the country?</li> <li>To what extent the planning and coordination of the CF (through the Results Groups with the RCO support) efficiently contributed to a coherent implementation and to the achievement of indicators' targets (outputs and outcomes)?</li> <li>How well was the RCO able to successfully coordinate responses to national and global emerging issues during the implementation of the CF?</li> </ul> |
| Orientation<br>towards impact                                                    | <ul> <li>To what extent have UN system activities articulated in the CF driven progress towards, or supported achievement of ToC outcomes?</li> <li>To what extent have UN activities stemming from the CF strengthened economic and individual resilience and contributed to reducing vulnerability against shocks and crises?</li> <li>To what extent have UN activities stemming from the CF impacted gender inequality?</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

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| Criteria                                              | Some examples of potential evaluation questions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WHAT<br>DIFFERENCE DO<br>CF<br>INTERVENTIONS<br>MAKE? | <ul> <li>To what extent has the CF promoted a just transition to environmental sustainability and addressed environmental<br/>sustainability concerns?</li> </ul>                                                                                                                      |
| Sustainability<br>WILL THE<br>BENEFITS LAST?          | <ul> <li>What mechanisms, if any, has the CF established to ensure socio-political, institutional, financial and environmental sustainability?</li> <li>What is the likelihood that progress towards the SDGs is sustained by national partners and stakeholders over time?</li> </ul> |

## Annex B. Governance roles and responsibilities

This section provides a summary of responsibilities of the RCO, Evaluation Manager, Executive Steering Committee, DCO, Evaluation Team and UNEG.

## Resident Coordinator/ Resident Coordinator's Office

- Commissions the CF evaluation in coordination with the UNCTs.
- Designates the Evaluation Manager in coordination with the UNCT and with support from DCO.
- Supports the establishment of an Evaluation Steering Committee.
- Widely publishes the call for external evaluators.
- Supports the Evaluation Manager in compiling a preliminary list of background information and documentation, a list of all interventions implemented during the period under evaluation, and the stakeholders mapping.
- Participates in the evaluation consultation process.
- Provides comments to the key evaluation products.
- Leads the preparation of the management response document

## **Evaluation Manager**

Oversees the entire process of the evaluation, from its preparation to the dissemination and use of the final evaluation report. He/she:

- Technically oversees the evaluation and reports regularly to the evaluation steering committee by organizing regular evaluation steering committee meetings. The Evaluation Manager works in close collaboration with DCO for quality assurance purposes and technical support.
- In consultation with and support from the RCO and UNCT, establishes an Evaluation Steering Committee as a technical subset of the joint national and UN Steering Committee.
- Ensures consultations with all UN entities in the country (based on the evaluation plan), to align their potential evaluations calendar and identify possible synergies in process and content.
- Prepares the Terms of Reference (TOR) of the evaluation in a consultative manner.
- With support from the RC's office, compiles a preliminary list of background information and documentation on both the country context and the CF and list these in an Annex of the TOR.
- In collaboration with DCO, identifies potential independent candidates to conduct the evaluation, guaranteeing the absence of any kind of conflict of interest and ensuring a gender-balanced Evaluation Team.

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- Requests a first stakeholders mapping of the main partners relevant for the CF evaluation from the relevant bodies, including the Programme Management Team and RCO.
- Manages interactions and serves as interlocutor between the Evaluation Team and the Evaluation Steering Committee;
- Sets up meetings during the fieldwork phase, and organizes briefing and debriefing sessions between the Evaluation Team and evaluation users.
- Organizes theory-of-change analyses meetings as necessary.
- Coordinates comments on and ensures the quality control of deliverables submitted by the Evaluation Team throughout the evaluation process ensuring that the UNEG Norms and Standards, Code of Conduct and Ethical Guidelines for Evaluations, as well as guidance on integrating human rights and gender equality in evaluation are followed/adhered to.
- Sends all evaluation products to DCO for approval.
- Ensures the Evaluation Report is sent for publication and dissemination, and supports the dissemination activities of the Evaluation Steering Committee.
- Ensures the management response is provided by concerned units/agencies/bodies.
- Clears payment of the Evaluation Team once outstanding issues have been addressed satisfactorily.

## Evaluation Technical management team

- A mix subset of the PMT and M&E groups or results group representatives
- Provides routine day-to-day technical support to the Evaluation Manager for the planning and implementation of the evaluation
- Ensures sound technical review for all the evaluation deliverables

## Evaluation Steering Committee

- Supports the evaluation process, guide the Evaluation Team and facilitate access to stakeholders and information.
- Provides input to the evaluation TOR, and selection of evaluation issues and questions.
- Facilitates stakeholder identification and consultations, and provides access to information sources (documents and interviewees) to support data collection.
- Provides overall comments on the main deliverables of the evaluation, including the inception report and draft evaluation report.

• Prepares a management response to the evaluation, in consultation with the UNCT members, Page 52 of 81

within two months of receiving the final evaluation report.

• Ensures the evaluation report and its results are disseminated and shared with DCO and other key stakeholders, promoting the use of evaluation and lessons.

## **DCO**<sup>31</sup>

The roles and responsibilities of DCO, with support and collaboration with regional entities/bodies, are to:

- Support the RCO/UNCT to schedule and launch the CF Evaluation.
- Support the RCO/UNCT to identify and select the Evaluation Manager and Evaluation Team.
- Provide support (backstopping) to the Evaluation Manager at all stages of the evaluation.
- Participate in Evaluation Steering Committee meetings when possible.
- Review, comment on and approve the evaluation TOR.
- Support the Evaluation Manager in identifying potential Evaluation Team candidates and review the summary assessment table to pre-qualify consultants.
- Approve the selection of the Evaluation Team.
- Oversee the process to ensure the independence and quality of the evaluation by:
  - Establishing a hotline for the Evaluation Team should they encounter risks to the independent conduct of the evaluation.
  - Reviewing and approving the inception report, checking if the approach and the methodology proposed are of professional quality.
  - Ensuring the quality of the draft and final report, by receiving the first and final draft of the report and the audit trail to ensure the transparency of the process and ascertain that the Evaluation Team was not subject to undue pressure to alter the contents of the report.
  - Conducting an external quality check of the draft report and approve the final version of the report.
- Lead and ensure the dissemination and use of evaluation results.
- Ensure accountability mechanisms, submission of the management response, track the implementation of the recommendation, and the use of the evaluation in the design of the next CCA and CF.

Furthermore, **DCO** should:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Consolidation of roles and responsibilities of DCO regional and HQ outfits, including the DCO Evaluation Unit and DCO Evaluation Advisor.

- Provide a global platform for the public dissemination of the report.
- Occasionally synthesize findings and compile lessons learned from CF evaluations and feed them back into advice to UNCTs, agency management and governing bodies, as appropriate.
- Keep a record of the drafts and audit trail in a depository.

## **Evaluation Team**

- Gains an in-depth understanding of both the CF and the country context.
- Assesses the ToC and its reconstitution (if necessary) to better adhere to the CF as implemented.
- Selects and adapt the evaluation questions<sup>32</sup> and propose the most appropriate methods for data collection and analysis.
- In consultation with the UNCT and the Evaluation Manager, selects a sample of stakeholders (from a sampling frame comprehensive stakeholder map) to interview during the field phase. The methodological approach to sampling should be well described.
- Collects data during the field phase. Triangulates and analyses the data.
- Drafts the inception and draft and final evaluation reports (with the summary of Performance Rating). Revises deliverables as needed based on comments.
- Leads stakeholder, briefing and debriefing workshops as needed.

Further details on the Evaluation Team are available in <u>Annex C</u>.

## UNEG

In its supporting role, UNEG can:

- Provide technical advice for guidance materials, as well as for individual cases, on request.
- Support the development of further guidance materials, tools and templates, a draft policy framework and other supporting materials during and after the transition period.
- Facilitate the coordination of agency evaluations and joint evaluations, to the extent possible, as inputs to the CF evaluations.
- Facilitate knowledge exchange for UN entity-wide learning as well as learning at the regional and national level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Examples will be provided. Page **54** of **81** 

## Annex C. The Evaluation Team

The **Evaluation Team** is made up of **independent** external evaluators. It must have a Team Leader with extensive evaluation expertise and average 3–5 members, depending on the size of the UN country operation. There must be <u>at least two members</u> to allow triangulation of observations and validation of findings within the Team.

In composing the Evaluation Team, national evaluators should be used to the extent possible, and a gender balance should be maintained. Further, the Team can be supported by local enumerators (data collectors), if needed, to collect primary data. Each Team member should sign and comply with the <u>UNEG Code of</u> <u>Conduct for Evaluators</u>, which provides ethical guidelines for the conduct of evaluations.

The **Evaluation Team Leader** leads the entire evaluation process, working closely with all team members. He/she will conduct the evaluation process in a timely manner and communicate with the Evaluation Manager on a regular basis and highlight progress made/challenges encountered. The Evaluation Team Leader will be responsible for producing the inception report and the draft and final evaluation reports.

**Team members** contribute to the evaluation process substantively through data collection and analysis. They will share responsibilities for conducting desk review and interviews and conduct field visits identified and collect data. They will provide substantive inputs to the inception report, the presentation of preliminary findings as well as to the draft and final reports

The Team should be built with due consideration to:

- ✓ Cultural and language balance;
- ✓ Gender balance;
- ✓ Coverage of relevant subject areas of work by UNCT member agencies;
- ✓ Coverage of key cross-cutting issues, including gender equality, human rights and environmental sustainability; and
- ✓ Collective knowledge of the national context in various areas of UN work.

## Evaluation Team member qualifications

- Advanced university level of education in evaluation or field(s) relevant to one or more CF areas of work. Where possible/suitable PhD level preferred for the Evaluation Team Leader;
- Proven experience in conducting evaluations of complex programmes and themes (minimum 10 years for the Team Leader, 3-5 years for other team members);
- Experience and background in gender equality/gender analysis and gender responsive evaluations;
- Good understanding of the SDGs, other relevant regional or global frameworks and their implications for development cooperation;
- Good understanding of multilateralism and the role of the UN System in development cooperation in the context of the country in question;

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- Understanding of UN Reform and its implementation implication at the country level;
- Demonstrated analytical capacity, particularly in the case of the Team Leader, including on political economy and financing for development;
- Sound knowledge of the country context and an in-depth understanding of at least one area of work of UNCT members; collectively, Evaluation Team members should broadly cover all areas of UNCT activity;
- Demonstrated ability to write and communicate clearly in languages appropriate for the country; and
- No conflict of interest such as recent or expected employment by UNCT members or implementing
  partners, private relationships with any UNCT members of staff or government counterparts or
  implementing partners; participation in the design, implementation or advising CF being evaluated,
  among others). Any potential conflict of interest should be declared by candidates during the
  application process.

## Selection process

The evaluator selection process will follow the procurement rules and regulations of the contracting entity. To ensure independence, value for money and transparency, the process must follow **the principle of open and competitive recruitment**. The selection panel should include the DCO Evaluation Advisor, some UNCT members and an external evaluation expert.

## Sources of recruitment

There are many avenues to disseminate the call for proposals. Sources of recruitment should include:

- ✓ Advertisement in major national media where international job opportunities are normally found by local professionals (see appendix 8 – sources of recruitment);
- ✓ Circulation among national evaluation associations, regional evaluation associations and international evaluation networks (UNEG can support this process, on request) (see appendix 8 – sources of recruitment); and
- ✓ Referrals from the UNEG member evaluation offices.

In principle, to enhance fairness and demonstrate transparency multiple channels should be used to disseminate the call. In addition, below is a list of other suggested websites to place the call.

- <u>United Nations Evaluation Group</u>
- International Development Evaluation Association (IDEAS)
- International Organization for Cooperation in Evaluation (IOCE)
- Individual VOPE/National Evaluation Associations websites in the country (e.g. <u>South African</u> <u>Monitoring and Evaluation Association; Australian Evaluation Society; American Evaluation</u>

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Association)

- African Evaluation Association
- <u>ReLAC</u> (Latin American Evaluation Association) (Need to first subscribe by sending an email to <u>relac-</u> <u>subscribe@gruposyahoo.com.ar</u> and follow instructions received)
- European Evaluation Association send email to <u>secretariat@europeanevaluation.org</u> or <u>http://www.europeanevaluation.org/work\_opportunities</u>
- <u>EvalCommunity</u> Includes a broad database of self-listed evaluation experts and firms. There is a fee charged to post.
- United Nations Development Business
- <u>Development Gateway</u>
- Independent Evaluators Webring
- DevNetJobs
- <u>ELDIS</u>
- The <u>Communication Initiative</u>
- <u>OECD/DAC Evaluation Network</u>
- IPDET Mailing List
- <u>XCeval Distribution List</u>
- <u>Geneva Evaluation Network</u>
- <u>Peregrine evaluation listserv</u>

## Appendix 3. Inception Report template

## INCEPTION REPORT UNSDCF EVALUATION [name of country (20xx)]

After an initial review of relevant documentation, the evaluation team will prepare the Design Report. The Design Report provides the conceptual and analytical framework of the evaluation, establishes the key evaluation questions and refines the methodology, including providing specific information on data collection tools, data sources, and analysis methods. The Design Report is also a means to ensure a mutual understanding of the conduct of the evaluation between the evaluation manager and the evaluation team.

## 1. Background – the CF Evaluation Context

This section provides an analytical overview of the context for the CF evaluation including: a brief and updated context analysis; description of the development landscape; and mapping of the CF outcomes and outputs against the participating agencies and recourse allocations.

The overview should describe how the CF has evolved in the country and how it is related to national development plans and other key development strategies (such as national development plans), with reference to available evaluative knowledge and assessments of results. A stakeholder mapping, monitoring and coordination mechanism with UNCT and the monitoring and evaluation structure is also included.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Inclus | Inclusion of sufficient and relevant contextual information                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|        | Introduction clearly sets the scene for the evaluation with key information about the CF.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
|        | Description of the particular political, development and governance environment in which the evaluation will be taking place, including transborder or regional dynamics. For example, the most relevant aspects of the economic, social and political context are described. This should also include findings from a preliminary analysis of gender and human rights issues, roles, attitudes, relations and challenges. |  |
|        | Description of the national progress (VNRs, Human Development indicators and other development indexes), changes in government laws, institutions, regulations, plans and strategies).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |

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|                                                                                  |  | A mapping of outcomes and outputs, participating agencies, partners and resources (and funding gaps), and if needed, a reconstruction of the logical framework to account for emerging events e.g. COVID-19, government change, man-made or natural disaster. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Key stakeholders in the CF are described, with reference to specific agencies of |  | Key stakeholders in the CF are described, with reference to specific agencies or institutions.                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                                                                  |  | Monitoring and evaluation mechanisms and plans of the CF are referred to.                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## 2. Purpose, Scope and Users

This section confirms the purpose and objectives of the evaluations, the topics/issues that will be addressed by the evaluation and specifies the time period evaluated, as reflected in the TORs. It also includes the main users of the evaluation.

This section should describe and further elaborate on the purpose, objectives and scope of the evaluation presented in the terms of reference.

This section should describe the purpose of cooperation framework evaluations generally and provide a concise overview of the specific objectives of the evaluation within the country-UN cooperation context.

The scope of the evaluation should be included in this section, consisting in a short and straightforward description of the area of work being evaluated as well as the geographical scope and timeframe of the evaluation.

Finally, this section should note that the evaluation was commissioned by the country office, and state the aim of the design report as well as its role in the design phase

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Spec | Specific reference to the purpose of the evaluation and how it will be used                                                                                                                  |  |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|      | Reference to the mandate for the conduct of the evaluation.                                                                                                                                  |  |
|      | Specific reference to why the evaluation is being done, including justification for why it is being done at this time.                                                                       |  |
|      | The evaluation objective(s) clearly follow from the overall purpose of the evaluation.                                                                                                       |  |
|      | The evaluation objectives are realistic and achievable, in light of the information that can be collected in the context of the undertaking.                                                 |  |
| Spec | Specific reference to the scope and users of the evaluation                                                                                                                                  |  |
|      | Explicit and clear definition of what will and will not be covered, including, for example, the timeframe, phase in the CF results and/or geographical area to be covered by the evaluation. |  |
|      | The scope of the evaluation is adequate to meet the stated evaluation objective(s).                                                                                                          |  |
|      | The scope of the evaluation is feasible given resources and time considerations.                                                                                                             |  |
|      | Identification of the primary and secondary audiences for the evaluation and how the evaluation will be useful. This is informed by a stakeholder mapping.                                   |  |

## 3. Evaluation Criteria, Questions and Methodology

This section describes the evaluation's intended approach and methodology. The evaluation criteria will be listed in this section. The evaluation questions addressing the evaluation criteria will be included, alongside a detailed methodological approach, specifying data collection methods, and techniques linked to the evaluation criteria and evaluation questions.

It includes a detailed methodological approach to ensure capturing issues on gender equality and empowerment of women, human rights, disability inclusion and environmental sustainability. The Evaluation Team will synthesize this information in the <u>Evaluation Design Matrix</u>, focusing on the key evaluation sub-questions, method/tool, data sources and means of verification/triangulation. The Evaluation Design Matrix is considered the most critical part of the report as it sets out how data will be collected and triangulated to answer the evaluation questions.

This section should provide a clear and detailed description of the evaluation's approach and methodology (i.e. a theory based approach, outlining the intervention logic leading to a reconstructed theory of change of UN support). How the methodology is gender and human rights responsive should also be laid out (as should any limitations toward implementing a gender and human rights responsive evaluation).

This section should include the evaluation questions and the evaluation criteria to which they respond, noting that an evaluation question may correspond to multiple criteria. OECD-DAC evaluation criteria (relevance, effectiveness, efficiency, and sustainability) should be used and, as

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relevant, two additional criteria: added value and coordination with the UNCT. An explanation as to why each question was selected should be included.

An evaluation matrix (the primary analytical tool of the evaluation) should be presented. The evaluation matrix should link the evaluation questions to the evaluation criteria.

In the evaluation matrix, the evaluation questions should:

- *be linked to relevant indicators, assumptions (aspects to focus upon) and hypothesis.*
- be linked to data sources and data collection methods.

Data collection and analysis methods and the comprehensive stakeholder map (including the methodological approach for stakeholder selection) should be included in the design report. The comprehensive stakeholders' map constitutes the sampling frame for the evaluation which is a key annex to the IR. To constitute the sampling frame and ensure a representative selection of the sample, a table should be constructed. In this table each UNSDCF outcome should be mapped with UN agencies leading and contributing to the outcome. And,

• For each of the UNSDCF outcomes:

• Each participating agency should provide the complete list of their national implementing partners together with their geographic location of implementation as well as any other relevant information that may inform the selection (beneficiaries target groups; institutions covered like health facilities; etc). On the basis of this, a purposive selection of UN agencies and IPs to be targeted for primary data collection should be made ensuring adequate "outcome" representation both programmatically and partners.

• Following the selection of IPs to be targeted, the sampling continues with the identification of specific informants at these IPs/partners (focal points; beneficiaries; structures; etc). It is after this stage that the primary data collection approach is identified (in-depth/semi structured interviews; FGD; observation; online surveys; etc..)

- It is the selection of IPs (to soundly represent the programme and UN agencies) that will inform the geographic locations to be covered by the evaluation
- Each UN agency should list its donors and other strategic partners to allow for a purposive selection of donors/strategic partners to be interviewed

• Government entities playing a role in UNSDCF should also be listed, both at national and decentralized levels. A purposive representative sample should also be extracted.

• UN agencies at national level will also be targeted (in a take all approach if feasible or sampled if necessary)

A description of how gender and human rights were considered vis a vis data collection and analysis methods, as well as stakeholder selection should be included. Consider referring to Table 3.2 (Tailoring common methods to address human rights and gender equality) on page 40 of "Integrating Human Rights and Gender Equality in Evaluation: Towards UNEG Guidance" for guidance tailoring data collection methods appropriately. The document can be found here: http://www.uneval.org/document/detail/980 Finally, any limitations and risks to the evaluation should be discussed. This section should explain data gaps and any issues affecting data quantity and quality. Factors that may restrict access to key sources of information should also be listed. Relevant limitations to implementing a gender and human rights responsive evaluation should be included, as well.

Mitigation measures to address limitations should be detailed and, in cases where limitations are unable to be addressed, a brief explanation on the extent to which the validity and credibility of the evaluation results could be affected should be provided.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Spec | Specifies the criteria that will be used to guide the evaluation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|      | Detailed narrative on the evaluation criteria against which the subject to be evaluated will be assessed, including, for example, relevance, efficiency, effectiveness, transformational change and sustainability, as referred to in the TORs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
|      | Includes a comprehensive and tailored set of evaluation sub-questions by unpacking the evaluation questions within the framework of the evaluation criteria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |
|      | Detailed set of evaluation questions that are directly related to both the objectives of the evaluation and the criteria against which the subject will be assessed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
|      | The set of evaluation questions adds further detail to the objectives and contributes to further defining the scope.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
|      | The set of evaluation questions is comprehensive enough that they raise the most pertinent evaluation questions, while at the same time being concise enough to provide users with a clear overview of the evaluation's objectives.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| Spec | ifies the methods for data collection and analysis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
|      | A clear and accessible methodological plan is described in a standalone section that is clearly delineated from other information contained in the TOR.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
|      | The methodological approach and design should account for existing evaluations and the synthesis of evaluative evidence e.g. project evaluations, agency-specific evaluations, CF mid-term review, etc.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
|      | The methodological approach and design for the evaluation is explained, including specific data collection and analysis methods that are human rights based and gender sensitive and for evaluation data to be disaggregated by sex, ethnicity, age, disability, etc. Examples of approaches include participatory, utilization-focused, theory-based and gender and human rights responsive. Examples of overall design include non- experimental, quasi-experimental and experimental. |  |

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| The data collection and analysis methods are sufficiently rigorous to assess the subject of the evaluation and ensure a complete, fair and unbiased assessment. For example, there will be sufficient data to address all evaluation questions. |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The evaluation methodology includes multiple methods (triangulation); preferably with analysis of both quantitative and qualitative data and with a range of stakeholders covered by the data collection methods. Sampling plans are included.  |
| The matrix of evaluation questions provides logical and explicit linkages between the evaluation questions, data sources, data collection methods and analysis methods.                                                                         |
| The evaluation methodology considers the overall purpose of the evaluation, as well as the needs of the users and other stakeholders.                                                                                                           |
| The evaluation methodology explicitly and clearly states the limitations of the chosen evaluation methods.                                                                                                                                      |
| The inception report specifies that the evaluation will follow UNEG norms and standards for evaluations, as well as ethical guidelines.                                                                                                         |

## 4. The Theory of Change analysis

The inception report should incorporate the assessment of the logic of intervention (the theory of change) which informed the development of the cooperation framework. During the inception/design phase or early in the field phase, evaluators need to assess: (a) the soundness of the ToC that informed the development of the CF been evaluated and b) the extent to which that ToC evolved during the CF 's implementation, which will warrant it's (ToC) reconstruction or not.

The <u>Synoptic table for the Analysis of the theory of change</u> is used to support the ToC meetings. *The ToC analysis during the evaluation is not to analyze the problem tree or solution tree, but is to analyze the sound linkages between:* 

• The UNSDCF outcomes to contribute to the national development priorities and

• The joint workplans and CPD (UNICEF; UNFPA; UNDP) outputs contributing to the UNSDCF outcomes – This is the implementation level where outputs are considered – at the IR phase, this is where the consultation with the results groups becomes extremely important as they are the ones well aware of the activities/interventions under each outputs.

• The final reconstruction of the ToC for the UNSDCF being evaluated will be proposed at the end of the evaluation. It is not about the forward looking hypothesis "if...then.." but a mirror look of how the UNSDCF was actually delivered to contribute to the national development priorities. This mirror of the ToC will inform the strategic prioritization workshop during the development of the new cycle to develop a forward looking ToC for the next programme cycle.

## 5. Evaluation Work Plan and Management Arrangements

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This section provides an update on the evaluation timeline and work plan for the CF evaluation. It also clarifies reporting lines and clearly state to whom the Evaluation Team reports and the division of labour within the Evaluation Team members.

This section should detail the overall evaluation process and its stages. It should present a detailed work plan for each phase/stage of the evaluation, including expected deliverables per stage set against appropriate and realistic timelines.

It should also detail the team composition and establish clear roles and responsibilities for the evaluation manager, the team leader and the team itself. As appropriate, details on field work, including specifications on logistic and administrative support, should be included, as should the budget required.

This section should, additionally, outline the management and governance arrangements of the evaluation and clearly describe the approach to quality assurance

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Inclu | Includes a work plan                                                                                                                                               |  |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|       | Inclusion of an evaluation calendar specifying the evaluation steps and deliverables.                                                                              |  |
|       | Detailed description of the key stages of the evaluation process and the time line.                                                                                |  |
|       | The roles and responsibilities for Evaluation Team members, the commissioning organization and other stakeholders in the evaluation process are clearly described. |  |
|       | The work plan describes the evaluation quality assurance process.                                                                                                  |  |
|       | The work plan describes the process, if any, for obtaining and incorporating stakeholders' comments on a draft evaluation report.                                  |  |

#### 6. Main Deliverables

This section lists down the key deliverables of the CF evaluation, including debriefing sessions/workshops, and presents an overall structure of the final report.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Inclu | Includes the key deliverables                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|       | The key outputs that will be delivered by the Evaluation Team are detailed down, including information on the degree to which the evaluation findings and the draft report will be accessible to stakeholders, including the public. |  |
|       | The structure of the final evaluation report is included in this section.                                                                                                                                                            |  |

#### 7. Risks and Limitations

This section describes the limitations/risks the evaluation anticipates due to unavailability of data, timing of field visits, etc. It provides an explanation of how the Evaluation Team will manage and mitigate limitations/risks and/or their implications for the evaluation process and evidence gathering.

#### 8. Annexes

The Evaluation Team is expected to list key documents for the evaluation, such as the evaluation question matrix, the TORs, the interview protocol, survey templates, etc.

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## Appendix 4. Evaluation Report template

## EVALUATION REPORT UNSDCF EVALUATION

## [name of country (20xx)]

The CF Evaluation Report template forms part of a core complement of instruments and templates designed to ensure quality, consistency and clarity in reporting against the CF. The template should be adopted as the official structure for all evaluation reporting. Authors should consider the following core evaluation reporting principles:

- Reports should be written as **clearly and concisely** as possible. Language employed should be universally comprehensible, with sentences remaining precise and neutral.
- It is good practice to limit report length to no more than 60 pages (less the executive summary and annexes) to ensure engagement and accessibility.
- There should be a **logical flow of information** so that the report is comprehensible for any audience.
- The report should follow **deductive logic** and tell a story with the evaluation results, rather than simply present results against questions.
- The report should be **structured clearly**, as outlined in the present template, with paragraph and section content aligned with the respective section header and sub-header.
- The report is to be read in line with the UNEG CF terms of reference document, with further detail on evaluation conduct and quality assurance found in the <u>UNEG Evaluation Report Quality</u> Checklist and UNEG Norms and Standards for Evaluations.
- As standard in all UN reporting, the evaluation report should include a contents page and list of all acronyms used throughout the report.

## 1. Executive Summary

The Executive Summary provides a brief (normally no longer than two pages) synopsis of the evaluation. The Summary should provide the overall story of the evaluation in a clear, concise and compelling way.

## Quality checklist for this section:

The Executive Summary includes:

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| A brief overview of the purpose and objective of the evaluation (i.e. why the evaluation is being undertaken) <sup>33</sup> .                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A brief summary of the evaluation scope and main areas of enquiry, as detailed in the inception paper (i.e. what is being evaluated).               |
| A brief summary of the methodology.                                                                                                                 |
| A concise summary of key evaluation findings written in summary/bullet form. A maximum of six key findings is recommended.                          |
| A brief summary of concluding statements and proposed recommendations.                                                                              |
| Notice that the evaluation report will be followed by a mandatory management response and action plan drafted by the evaluation steering committee. |

## 2. Introduction

The introduction details the purpose, subject and scope of the evaluation, evaluation questions, and report structure.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| The ir | The introduction includes:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|        | Purpose and objective of the evaluation (explaining why the evaluation has been undertaken); who/what mandated/requested the evaluation; what the evaluation aims to achieve (including accountability and learning); and how the results will be used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |
|        | Subject: short description of the key focus of the evaluation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
|        | Scope: overview of selected areas of enquiry/outcome focus (derived from the theory of change); intervention types to be evaluated; geographical coverage; time period (both of data to be reviewed and of conducting the evaluation itself); target stakeholders; and reasons for scope choices. The section should further detail if and how the evaluator addressed the six core programming principles (accountability, Leave no one behind LNOB, Human Rights-Based Approach, gender equality, resilience and sustainability). |  |
|        | Evaluation questions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
|        | Structure of evaluation report: a short paragraph introducing the chapters of the evaluation report.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Critical objectives could include: ensuring accountability and transparency of all UN activities at the country level; providing a status/progress check against established results indicators; providing evidence that allows for reflection, adjustments and course correction as is necessary; providing clear recommendations that support immediate action and focus for the next CF cycle; and engaging all stakeholders, including beneficiaries, in participatory dialogue as part of the systems thinking approach. Page **67** of **81** 

## 3. Country Context

This section provides a country status update as context to the evaluation findings. Reporting should aim to be as concise as possible, highlighting key developmental, humanitarian and peace challenges and opportunities, and status changes at the country level since the last evaluation was conducted.

#### Quality checklist for this section:

| The c | The country context section includes:                                                                                                                             |  |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|       | A brief overview of present-day country context including any major developmental, humanitarian and/or peace challenges and/or opportunities, and status changes. |  |
|       | The status of national progress towards SDGs.                                                                                                                     |  |
|       | An overview of CF status and UN programmatic/normative areas of intervention and status.                                                                          |  |
|       | A list of key stakeholders and partners at the country, regional and global levels.                                                                               |  |

## 4. Methodology

The methodology section should detail evaluation design and data collection methods, including data sources, data analysis, and steps to ensure gender, human rights and environmental responsiveness. The section should further detail steps taken to comply with UNEG norms and standards to ensure best practice in the management, exercise, and use of the evaluation.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| The m | The methodology section includes:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|       | Stakeholder mapping and engagement modes: reference should be made to methods used to ensure stakeholder engagement throughout the study. It is advisable to include (in section or appendix) a stakeholder map or table detailing all internal and external stakeholders consulted and engaged throughout the evaluation <sup>34</sup> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
|       | Data sources and data collection: how data was provided and by who (such as through documents, external stakeholders, beneficiaries etc.) and how data was collected (e.g. through interviews, documentary review, surveys, and/or direct observation). This section should include sampling methodologies employed and describe gender equality and human rights considerations in the design of the data collection process (such as gender-balanced selection of interviewees). The section should further detail any limitations in the evaluation process (including, for example, availability of stakeholders and beneficiaries, survey response rates, and security situations impacting data collection) <sup>35</sup> . |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Example text: the CF evaluation has employed a participatory, inclusive approach, ensuring the engagement of all relevant stakeholders, whilst also aiming to promote national ownership through the active and meaningful engagement of government counterparts. Stakeholders have been engaged at all stages of the evaluation including, for example, through the Evaluation Steering Committee, through direct data collection itself, and in the results workshop on evaluation findings (note: adapt to context). The following stakeholders were engaged: (insert table)].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Example data collection section text: the evaluation employed a mixed-method approach to ensure the credibility and accuracy of data through triangulation. The following data collection methods were used (*insert bullet list or table of methods used and sampling employed*): document review (potentially including a review of assessments/oversight undertaken by internal/external

| Data analysis: explains methods applied and steps taken to compile, analyze and triangulate data<br>in order to identify key evidence and arrive at evaluation results. The section should detail any<br>specific analytical tools or instruments used for data analysis (such as, for example, SPSS, STATA,<br>Qualtrics, and NVivo) and methods employed to ensure data triangulation and gender analysis. |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Governance: detail the evaluation management and governance structure, including the role played by the Joint National-UN Evaluation Steering Committee and Consultative Group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Quality assurance and ethics: detail quality assurance activities including regional quality review and mechanisms external to the RC/RCO/UNCT (in line with UNEG Norms and Standards on conflict of interest avoidance).                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Ethics: the report should detail approaches and methods employed to ensure the highest ethical standards of conduct, including ensuring informed consent was obtained from all respondents <sup>36</sup> .                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## 5. Findings

This section should include a brief, overall assessment of performance, including its relevance, coherence, effectiveness, efficiency, sustainability and orientation towards the impact (whenever possible). Findings are supported by evidence and triangulated. Unintended and unexpected outcomes should be also included.

Findings should be clearly organized and coherent, logical and relevant in their direct relation to the evaluation criteria and questions, succinct and precise, objective, and analytical. Findings should clearly explain 'why' things are happening as well as 'what' is happening.

Each result/finding area should be clearly titled with either the outcome/result area or key finding statement and ensure that the key programming principles are reflected. The findings, should reflect the gender analysis.

Both text and visual representations of data should be employed to ensure that findings are both engaging and clearly displayed in the most appropriate form.

entities, country status reports, and data repositories); stakeholder interviews; focus group discussions; stakeholder/population surveys; direct observation; field missions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Evaluation must be conducted with the highest standards of integrity and respect for the beliefs, manners and customs of the social and cultural environment; for human rights and gender equality; and for the 'do no harm' principle for humanitarian assistance. Evaluators must respect the rights of institutions and individuals to provide information in confidence, must ensure that sensitive data is protected and that it cannot be traced to its source and must validate statements made in the report with those who provided the relevant information. Evaluators should obtain informed consent for the use of private information from those who provide it. When evidence of wrongdoing is uncovered, it must be reported discreetly to a competent body (such as the relevant office of audit or investigation).

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Evalua | Evaluation findings:                                                                                                                                                         |  |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|        | Findings are clearly organized and coherent, logical and relevant in their direct relation to the evaluation questions, succinct and precise, objective, and analytical.     |  |
|        | Findings clearly explain 'why' things are happening as well as 'what' is happening.                                                                                          |  |
|        | Each result/finding area should be clearly titled with either the outcome/result area or key finding statement and ensure that the key programming principles are reflected. |  |
|        | The findings reflect a gender analysis.                                                                                                                                      |  |
|        | Both text and visual representations of data are employed to ensure that findings are both engaging and clearly displayed in the most appropriate form.                      |  |

## Conclusions

This section presents the main conclusions that are formulated by synthesizing the main findings into statements of merit and worth.

Concluding statements should be numbered, clearly and concisely presented based on findings (connected with the evaluation criteria and evaluation questions) and substantiated by evidence. Conclusions should reflect reasonable evaluative judgements that add insight and analysis beyond the findings and should encompass progress on gender and other cross-cutting principles.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Evalu | Evaluation conclusions:                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|       | Concluding statements should be clearly and concisely presented based on findings and substantiated by evidence                                                                           |  |
|       | Conclusions should reflect reasonable evaluative judgements that add insight and analysis beyond the findings and should encompass progress on gender and other cross-cutting principles. |  |

## 6. Recommendations

This section details the main recommendations following the quality principles stated below.

Recommendations should clearly be linked to specific conclusions, addressing weaknesses identified in the conclusions and should contain the following notable characteristics:

- *Relevance: they are clearly based on and explicitly linked to evaluation results.*
- *Prioritisation: they are ranked in order of importance or urgency.*
- Targeted: they address the appropriate entity/body/focal point.
- Time-bound: they specify by when recommendations should be implemented.
- Clear: they are as specific as possible, while avoiding excessive prescriptiveness.
- *Feasible: they are capable of being accomplished within the timeframe and resources available.*
- Strategic: they have the potential to bring about real change.

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Evalu | Evaluation recommendations:                                                  |  |  |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
|       | Are clearly based on and explicitly linked to evaluation results (Relevance) |  |  |

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| Are ranked in order of importance or urgency (Prioritisation)                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Address the appropriate entity/body/focal point (Targeted)                                |
| Specify by when recommendations should be implemented (Time-bound)                        |
| Are as specific as possible, while avoiding excessive prescriptiveness (Clear)            |
| Are capable of being accomplished within the timeframe and resources available (Feasible) |
| Have the potential to bring about real change (Strategic)                                 |

## 7. Limitations and Lessons Learned

The limitations and lessons learned section provides an opportunity for the RC/RCO/UNCT to reflect on any opportunities and challenges presented by the evaluation, in order to ensure best practice in future evaluations. The section may detail limitations in the data collection phase including, for example, the availability of stakeholders and beneficiaries, survey response rates, and security situations impacting data collection and how the data limitations were overcome.

## 8. Summary Performance Rating

This section provides a summary overview of the performance to facilitate regional and global performance synthesis. <u>Appendix 6</u> provides a tool to facilitate this process.

## Appendices

## Quality checklist for this section:

| Appe | Appendices may include:                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |  |  |  |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|      | The theory of change against which outcomes were evaluated.                                                                                                                                                         |  |  |  |  |
|      | The CF results framework.                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |
|      | Joint workplans.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |  |  |
|      | Further detail on methodology including, for example, data collection instruments (including details of their reliability and validity) and sampling strategies.                                                    |  |  |  |  |
|      | Geographical scope (including countries/regions/sites visited, if not detailed in main body of the report).                                                                                                         |  |  |  |  |
|      | List of stakeholders interviewed.                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |  |  |  |
|      | Evaluation design matrix.                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |
|      | Organisations and/or institutions engaged. For reasons of confidentiality, individuals interviewed should not be named in the report. If appropriate, however, organisations engaged as respondents could be named. |  |  |  |  |
|      | Quantitative data/survey results beyond that detailed in the main body of the report.                                                                                                                               |  |  |  |  |

## Appendix 5. Management Response template

## UNSDCF Evaluation

## Management Response

## [country name/date]

[General response to the evaluation in a narrative format, referring to specific conclusions as appropriate. Some textual samples provided below.]

- 1) United Nations Country Team (UNCT) in Country X welcomes the evaluation ...
- 2) As the evaluation pointed out, UNCT is facing the challenge of ...
- 3) In particular, UNCT agrees with Conclusion 1 that ...
- 4) UNCT however considers Conclusion 2 does not portray an accurate picture of ...
- 5) The management response for each recommendation is provided below.

#### Management Response to the evaluation recommendations

| Recommendation 1<br>[Text of the recommendation (may be<br>shortened as appropriate)]    | Accepted / Partially accepted / Rejected<br>[Please select one as appropriate] |           |                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| <b>Explanation</b><br>[Explanation of rejection or partial acceptance]                   |                                                                                |           |                         |
| Actions to be taken<br>[Actions to be taken in response, broken down<br>as appropriate.] | Responsible entity/ies                                                         | Timeframe | Resource<br>implication |
|                                                                                          |                                                                                |           |                         |
| (a)                                                                                      |                                                                                |           |                         |
| (b)                                                                                      |                                                                                |           |                         |
| Recommendation 2 [Insert text of the recommendation here]                                | Accepted / Partially accepted / Rejected<br>[Please select one as appropriate] |           |                         |
| Explanation                                                                              |                                                                                |           |                         |
| Actions to be taken                                                                      | Responsible entity/ies                                                         | Timeframe | Resource<br>implication |
| <b>Recommendation 3</b><br>[Insert text of the recommendation here]                      | Accepted / Partially accepted / Rejected<br>[Please select one as appropriate] |           |                         |

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| Explanation                                          |  |           |                      |
|------------------------------------------------------|--|-----------|----------------------|
| Actions to be taken Responsible entity/ies Timeframe |  | Timeframe | Resource implication |
|                                                      |  |           |                      |

# Appendix 6. Compliance Monitoring of the Management Action Plan in Response to the CF Evaluation Recommendations

## UNSDCF Evaluation Recommendations Review [country name/date]

[The follow-up report is used as a basis for reviewing the progress made in the implementation of the action planned in response to the evaluation. This review should normally be undertaken in the context of the Steering Group's annual review of the progress made in the Cooperation Framework implementation.]

[Provide the context in which the review is undertaken. Some textual samples provided below]

This review is undertaken in the context of the annual review of Cooperation Framework Implementation by the Steering Group, comprising ...]

[Provide general assessment of the progress made, challenges faced and what needs to be done to overcome such challenges. If a planned action needs to be changed, explain the reason and the new actions planned. Some textual samples provided below]

- 1. Overall, a good progress was made in implementing planned actions committed in the management response to the Cooperation Framework evaluation of 20xx ...
- 2. The election of the new government in 20xx resulted in a change of national strategy. This necessitated a revision of some planned actions associated with Recommendation X ...

| Recommendation 1<br>[Text of the recomme                 | ndation (may be             | Implemented / Partially<br>implemented / Not<br>implemented yet<br>[Please select one as<br>appropriate] |                         |                                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Actions planned<br>[From the<br>management<br>response.] | Responsible<br>entity (ies) | Timeframe                                                                                                | Resource<br>implication | Progress in implementation /<br>Action taken<br>[If needed, indicate new actions<br>planned] |
|                                                          |                             |                                                                                                          |                         |                                                                                              |
| (a)                                                      |                             |                                                                                                          |                         |                                                                                              |
| (b)                                                      |                             |                                                                                                          |                         |                                                                                              |
| Recommendation 2                                         | •<br>•                      | ·                                                                                                        |                         | Implemented / Partially<br>implemented / Not<br>implemented yet                              |



| Actions planned | Responsible<br>entity | Timeframe | Progress in implementation /<br>Action taken |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------|
|                 |                       |           |                                              |

## Appendix 7. Summary Performance Rating

| Criteria/issue                                                                  | Rating <sup>37</sup>      | Summary comments <sup>38</sup> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. STRATEGIC RELEVANCE                                                          | Median score              |                                |
| A1. Alignment with SDGs and National strategic priorities                       | HS?HU (6-1)               |                                |
| A2. Relevance to national, regional and global priorities and beneficiary needs | HS⊡HU (6-1)               |                                |
| A3. Dynamic and Responsive CF                                                   | HS?HU (6-1)               |                                |
| B. COHERENCE                                                                    | Median score              |                                |
| B1. CF position, credibility and reliability                                    | HS@HU (6-1)               |                                |
| B2. CF complementarity, harmonisation and co-ordination                         | HS⊡HU (6-1)               |                                |
| B3. Synergies and interlinkages of interventions                                | HS⊡HU (6-1)               |                                |
| B4. Forging strategic and effective partnerships                                | HS⊡HU (6-1)               |                                |
| C. EFFECTIVENESS                                                                | Median score              |                                |
| C1.1 Delivery of CF outputs                                                     | HS?HU (6-1)               |                                |
| C1.2 Progress towards outcomes                                                  | HS?HU (6-1) <sup>39</sup> |                                |
| - Outcome 1                                                                     | HS?HU (6-1)               |                                |
| - Outcome 2                                                                     | HS?HU (6-1)               |                                |
| - Etc.                                                                          | HS?HU (6-1)               |                                |
| C2. Adopting and promotion of resilience-building approaches                    | HS⊡HU (6-1)               |                                |
| C3. CF focus on national capacity development                                   | HS?HU (6-1)               |                                |
| C4. Targeting the most vulnerable, disadvantaged, and marginalized population   | HS2HU (6-1)               |                                |
| D. EFFICIENCY                                                                   | Median score              |                                |
| D1. Integrated funding framework                                                | HS2HU (6-1)               |                                |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> See rating scheme at the end of the document.
<sup>38</sup> Include reference to the relevant sections in the report.
<sup>39</sup> Aggregate rating of all the outcome ratings.

| D2. Collectively prioritized activities based on the needs                                                                | HS2HU (6-1)  |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| D3. Effective reallocation of resources to emerging needs and priorities                                                  | HS⊡HU (6-1)  |  |
| D.4 Timeliness of actions                                                                                                 | HSI2HU (6-1) |  |
| E. SUSTAINABILITY                                                                                                         | Median score |  |
| E1.1. Financial risks                                                                                                     | L?U (4-1)    |  |
| E1.2. Socio-political risks                                                                                               | L?U (4-1)    |  |
| E1.3. Institutional and governance risks                                                                                  | LPU (4-1)    |  |
| E1.4. Environmental risks                                                                                                 | L?U (4-1)    |  |
| E2. Catalysis and replication                                                                                             | HSPU (4-1)   |  |
| F. ORIENTATION TOWARDS IMPACT                                                                                             | Median score |  |
| F.1 CF contributions to key institutional, behavioural and legislative changes                                            | HS团HU (6-1)  |  |
| F.2 CF contribution to advance achievement of SDG targets                                                                 | HS@HU (6-1)  |  |
| F.3 CF contribution to advance cross-cutting concerns on gender equality                                                  | HS⊡HU (6-1)  |  |
| F.4 contribution to advance cross-cutting concerns on human rights and non-discrimination, including disability inclusion | HS⊡HU (6-1)  |  |
| F.5 contribution to advance cross-cutting concerns on environmental sustainability                                        | HS团HU (6-1)  |  |
| F. FACTORS AFFECTING PERFORMANCE                                                                                          | Median score |  |
| F1. CF design                                                                                                             | HS@HU (6-1)  |  |
| F2. Quality of RCO leadership and effective oversight                                                                     | HS@HU (6-1)  |  |
| F2.1 Quality of CF implementation by UNCT                                                                                 | HS@HU (6-1)  |  |
| F3. Quality of UNCT coordination and integration                                                                          | HS@HU (6-1)  |  |
| F4. National ownership on the CF                                                                                          | HSPHU (6-1)  |  |
| F5. CF stakeholder engagement                                                                                             | HS2HU (6-1)  |  |
| F6. Communication, knowledge management and M&E                                                                           | HSPHU (6-1)  |  |
| F7. Quality of UNCT collective and joint efforts                                                                          | HSPHU (6-1)  |  |
| Overall rating                                                                                                            |              |  |

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Interpretation of ratings:

| Rating                            | Ordinal scale | Description                                                                                                             |  |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Highly Satisfactory<br>(HS)       |               |                                                                                                                         |  |
| Satisfactory (S)                  | 5             | <i>"Level of achievement of outputs/outcomes was as planned and/or there were no or minor short comings."</i>           |  |
| Moderately<br>Satisfactory (MS)   | 4             | <i>"Level of achievement of outputs/outcomes likely to be as planned and/or there were moderate short comings."</i>     |  |
| Moderately<br>Unsatisfactory (MU) | 3             | "Level of achievement of outputs/outcomes somewhat lowe<br>than planned and/or there were significant shortcomings."    |  |
| Unsatisfactory (U)                | 2             | <i>"Level of achievement of outputs/outcomes substantially lower than planned and/or there were major short comings</i> |  |
| Highly Unsatisfactory<br>(HU)     | 1             | "Only a negligible level of achievement of planned outputs/outcomes and/or there were severe short comings."            |  |
| Unable to Assess (UA)             | 0             | The available information does not allow an assessment of the level of achievements.                                    |  |

## SUSTAINABILITY

The sustainability will be assessed taking into account the risks related to financial, socio-political, institutional, and environmental sustainability of outcomes. The evaluator may also take other risks into account that may affect sustainability:

| Rating                      | Ordinal scale | Description                                                                       |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Likely (L)                  | 4             | There is little or no risk to sustainability.                                     |
| Moderately Likely<br>(ML)   | 3             | There are moderate risks to sustainability.                                       |
| Moderately Unlikely<br>(MU) | 2             | There are significant risks to sustainability.                                    |
| Unlikely (U)                | 1             | There are severe risks to sustainability.                                         |
| Unable to Assess (UA)       | 0             | Unable to assess the expected incidence and magnitude of risks to sustainability. |

## Appendix 8. References

## UN Women

\_\_\_UN Women Evaluation Handbook: How to manage gender-responsive evaluation (2015). Available at <u>https://www.unwomen.org/en/digital-library/publications/2015/4/un-women-evaluation-handbook-how-to-manage-gender-responsive-evaluation</u>

\_\_\_Good Practices in Gender-Response Evaluation (2020). Available at <u>https://www.unwomen.org/en/digital-library/publications/2020/06/good-practices-in-gender-responsive-evaluations#view</u>

## United Nations Evaluation Group

\_\_\_Code of Conduct for Evaluators (2008). Available at <u>www.unevaluation.org/unegcodeofconduct</u>.

\_\_\_Guidance Document - Integrating Human Rights and Gender Equality in Evaluations (2014). Available at <u>www.unevaluation.org/guidance/HRGE</u>.

\_\_\_Handbook for Conducting Evaluations of Normative Work in the UN System (2014). Available at <u>www.unevaluation.org/normative\_evaluations</u>.

\_\_\_Norms and Standards for Evaluation in the UN System (2016). Available at www.unevaluation.org/2016-Norms-and-Standards.

\_\_\_Good Practices for Integrating Gender Equality and Human Rights in Evaluation (2017). Available at <u>http://www.unevaluation.org/document/download/2695</u>

\_\_\_Guidance Document - UN-SWAP Evaluation Performance Indicator Technical Note (2018). Available at <u>http://www.unevaluation.org/document/detail/1452.</u>

\_\_\_Guidance Document – Guidance on Evaluating Institutional Gender Mainstreaming (2018). Available at <u>www.unevaluationorg/evaluating gender mainstreaming</u>.

\_\_Guidance Document - Evaluability Assessment of the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) (2020). Available at <a href="http://www.unevaluation.org/UNSCDF\_EA">http://www.unevaluation.org/UNSCDF\_EA</a>.

\_\_\_Foundation Document - UNEG Ethical Guidelines for Evaluation (2020). Available at <u>www.unevaluation.org/UNEG\_Ethics</u>.

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